

Driver LC 35W 24V Ip SNC2

essence series 24 V – not dimmable (IP20)

**Product description**

- _ Constant voltage LED driver
- _ Output voltage 24 V
- _ Max. output power 35 W
- _ For luminaires of protection class I and protection class II
- _ Dimmable via external PWM LED dimmers attached on output side
- _ Power input on stand-by < 0.5 W
- _ Nominal lifetime up to 100,000 h
- _ 5 years guarantee (conditions at <https://www.tridonic.com/en/int/services/manufacturer-guarantee-conditions>)

Typical applications

- _ Cove lighting, facade accent lighting, ceiling integration

Technical details

- _ 24 V, 35 W
- _ Output LF voltage ripple (< 120 Hz) $\pm 1.5\%$
- _ Small cross section
- _ Push terminals for simple wiring

System solution

- _ Tridonic LLE-FLEX ADV G2 600, 1,200, 1,800 lm/m
- _ Tridonic LLE-FLEX EXC 600, 1,200, 1,800, 2,500 lm/m
- _ In connection with Flex accessories wire to PCB plug

Website

<http://www.tridonic.com/87501091>



Spotlights



Downlights



Linear



Area



Floor | Wall



Free-standing



Street



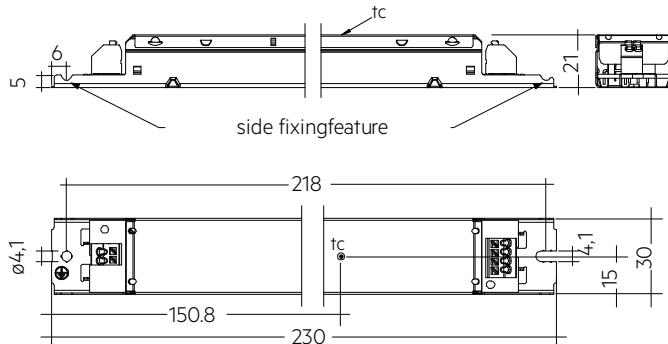
Decorative



High bay

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**Ordering data**

Type	Article number	Packaging, carton	Packaging, pallet	Packaging, high volume	Weight per pc.
LC 35W 24V Ip SNC2	87501091	50 pc(s).	900 pc(s).	2,700 pc(s).	0.163 kg

Technical data

Rated supply voltage	220 – 240 V
AC voltage range	198 – 264 V
Mains frequency	50 / 60 Hz
Oversupply protection	320 V AC, 48 h
Typ. rated current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) ^①	178 mA
Leakage current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) ^①	< 500 µA
Max. input power	40 W
Typ. efficiency (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	86 %
λ over full operating range (max.) ^①	0.98
λ over full operating range (min.)	0.8C
Typ. input current in no-load operation	20 mA
Typ. input power in no-load operation	0.36 W
In-rush current (peak / duration)	28.6 A / 129 µs
THD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) ^①	< 10 %
Output P_ST_LM (at full load)	≤ 1
Output SVM (at full load)	≤ 0.4
Starting time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) ^①	< 0.5 s
Turn off time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	< 0.5 s
Hold on time at power failure (output)	0 s
Output voltage tolerance	23.5 – 25.5 V
Output LF voltage ripple (< 120 Hz)	± 1.5 %
Max. output voltage (U-OUT)	26 V
Burst capability	1 kV
Mains surge capability (between L - N)	1 kV
Mains surge capability (between L/N - PE)	2 kV
Type of protection	IP20
Lifetime	up to 100,000 h
Guarantee (conditions at www.tridonic.com)	5 Year(s)
Dimensions L x W x H	230 x 30 x 21 mm

Approval marks**Standards**

EN 55015, EN 61000-3-2, EN 61000-3-3, EN 61347-1, EN 61347-2-13, EN 62384, EN 61547

Specific technical data

Type	Load	Output voltage	Output current	Max. output power	Typ. power consumption	Typ. current consumption	tc point max.	Ambient temperature ta
<u>LC 35W 24V Ip SNC2</u>	30 %	24 V	438 mA	11 W	13.0 W	65 mA	70 °C	-20 ... +50 °C
<u>LC 35W 24V Ip SNC2</u>	40 %	24 V	583 mA	14 W	16.7 W	81 mA	70 °C	-20 ... +50 °C
<u>LC 35W 24V Ip SNC2</u>	50 %	24 V	729 mA	17 W	20.7 W	97 mA	70 °C	-20 ... +50 °C
<u>LC 35W 24V Ip SNC2</u>	60 %	24 V	875 mA	21 W	24.5 W	113 mA	70 °C	-20 ... +50 °C
<u>LC 35W 24V Ip SNC2</u>	70 %	24 V	1,021 mA	24 W	28.5 W	129 mA	75 °C	-20 ... +50 °C
<u>LC 35W 24V Ip SNC2</u>	80 %	24 V	1,166 mA	28 W	32.2 W	145 mA	75 °C	-20 ... +50 °C
<u>LC 35W 24V Ip SNC2</u>	90 %	24 V	1,312 mA	31 W	36.1 W	162 mA	80 °C	-20 ... +50 °C
<u>LC 35W 24V Ip SNC2</u>	100 %	24 V	1,458 mA	35 W	39.9 W	178 mA	80 °C	-20 ... +50 °C

① Valid at 100 % dimming level.

1. Standards

EN 55015
 EN 61000-3-2
 EN 61000-3-3
 EN 61347-1
 EN 61347-2-13
 EN 62384
 EN 61547

2. Thermal details and lifetime

2.1 Expected lifetime

Expected lifetime

Type	Output load	ta	40 °C	45 °C	50 °C
LC 35W 24V Ip SNC2	> 10,5 – 21 W	tc	60 °C	65 °C	70 °C
	Lifetime		>100,000 h	>100,000 h	>100,000 h
	> 21 – 28 W	tc	65 °C	70 °C	75 °C
	Lifetime		>100,000 h	>100,000 h	90,000 h
	> 28 – 35 W	tc	70 °C	75 °C	80 °C
	Lifetime		>100,000 h	70,000 h	50,000 h

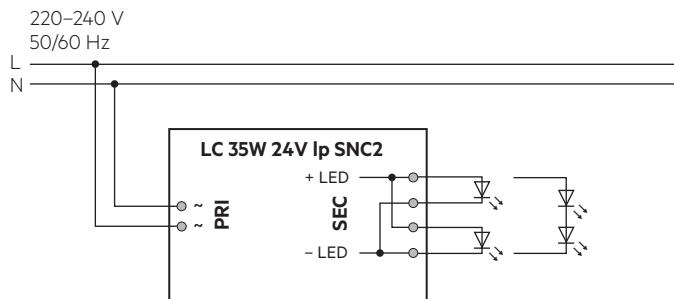
The LED control gear is designed for a lifetime stated above under reference conditions and with a failure probability of less than 10 %.

The relation of tc to ta temperature depends also on the luminaire design.

If the measured tc temperature is approx. 5 K below tc max., ta temperature should be checked and eventually critical components (e.g. ELCAP) measured. Detailed information on request.

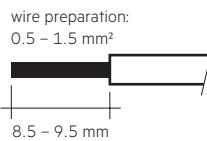
3. Installation / wiring

3.1 Circuit diagram



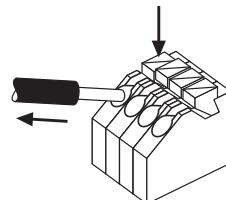
3.2 Wiring type and cross section

For wiring use stranded wire with ferrules or solid wire from 0.5 – 1.5 mm². Strip 8.5 – 9.5 mm of insulation from the cables to ensure perfect operation of the push-wire terminals.



3.3 Release of the wiring

Press down the “push button” and remove the cable from front.



3.4 Wiring guidelines

- The cables should be run separately from the mains connections and mains cables to ensure good EMC conditions.
- The LED wiring should be kept as short as possible to ensure good EMC. The max. secondary cable length is 2 m (4 m circuit).
- The LED driver has no inverse-polarity protection on the secondary side. Wrong polarity can damage LED modules with no inverse-polarity protection.
- Wrong wiring of the LED driver can lead to malfunction or irreparable damage.
- To avoid the damage of the Driver, the wiring must be protected against short circuits to earth (sharp edged metal parts, metal cable clips, louver, etc.).

3.5 Earth connection

The earth connection is conducted as protection earth (PE). The LED driver can be earthed via metal housing. If the LED driver will be earthed, protection earth (PE) has to be used. There is no earth connection required for the functionality of the LED driver. Earth connection is recommended to improve following behaviour:

- Electromagnetic interferences (EMI)
- LED glowing at standby
- Transmission of mains transients to the LED output

In general it is recommended to earth the LED driver if the LED module is mounted on earthed luminaire parts respectively heat sinks and thereby representing a high capacity against earth.

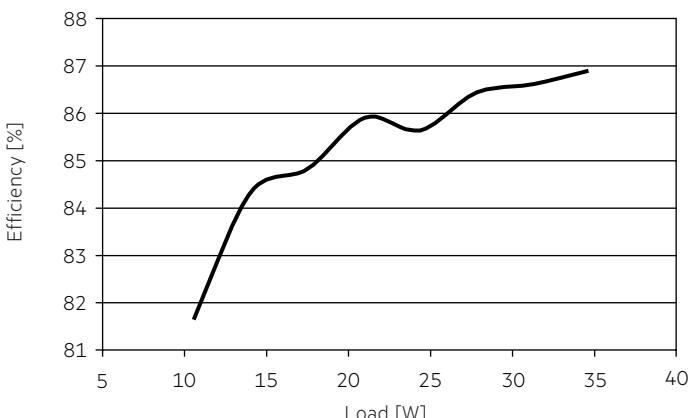
3.6 Installation instructions

The LED module and all contact points within the wiring must be sufficiently insulated against 3 kV surge voltage.

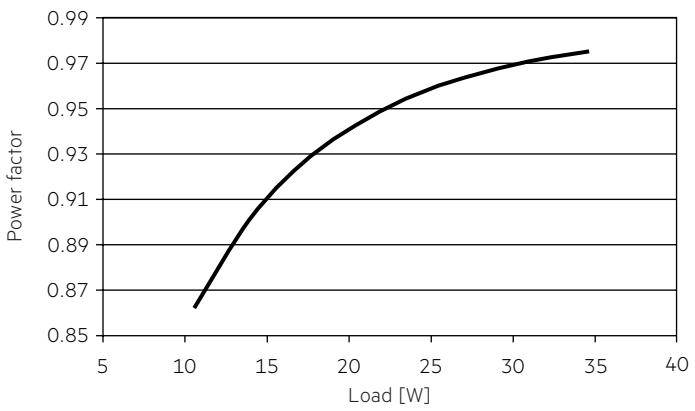
Air and creepage distance must be maintained.

4. Electrical values

4.1 Efficiency vs. load

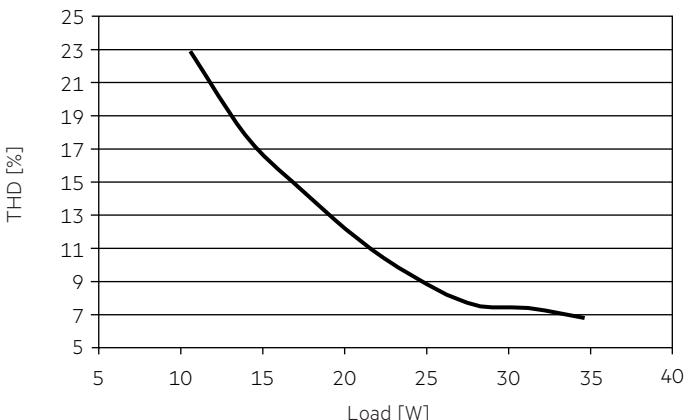


4.2 Power factor vs. Load



4.3 THD vs. Load

THD without harmonic < 5 mA (0.6 %) of the input current:



4.4 Maximum loading of automatic circuit breakers in relation to inrush current

Automatic circuit breaker type	C10	C13	C16	C20	B10	B13	B16	B20	Inrush current
Installation Ø	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	2.5 mm ²	2.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	2.5 mm ²	2.5 mm ²	I _{max}
LC 35W 24V Ip SNC2	33	45	55	67	20	27	33	40	28.6 A

These are max. values calculated out of inrush current! Please consider not to exceed the maximum rated continuous current of the circuit breaker. Calculation uses typical values from ABB series S200 as a reference.

Actual values may differ due to used circuit breaker types and installation environment.

4.5 Harmonic distortion in the mains supply (at 230 V / 50 Hz and full load)

in %					
THD	3.	5.	7.	9.	11.
LC 35W 24V Ip SNC2	< 10	< 7	< 5	< 5	< 4

Acc. to 61000-3-2. Harmonics < 5 mA or < 0.6 % (whatever is greater) of the input current are not considered for calculation of THD.

5. Functions

5.1 Overload protection

If the maximum load is exceeded by a defined internal limit, the LED will flicker, and output voltage will be reduced.

When fault is removed, the driver can go back to work automatically without resetting input main power.

5.2 Overtemperature protection

The LED driver is protected against temporary thermal overheating. If the temperature limit is exceeded the LED will turn to dark, if the temperature continue to increase, it will flicker and restart automatically after the driver cold down. The temperature protection is activated approx. + 15 °C above T_c max.

5.3 Short-circuit behaviour

In case of a short circuit at the LED output the LED output is switched off. When fault is removed, the driver can go back to work automatically without resetting input main power.

5.4 No-load operation

The LED driver will not be damaged in the no-load operation. When the output is floating and doesn't connect the LED modules, the output voltage will keep the max. voltage (< 26 V). After connecting the LED load, the driver works normally without resetting the main power.

5.5 Hot plug-in

Hot plug-in is supported.

5.6 Use of PWM dimmers

PWM dimmers can be used to dim the attached LED module.

6. Miscellaneous

6.1 Insulation and electric strength testing of luminaires

Electronic devices can be damaged by high voltage. This has to be considered during the routine testing of the luminaires in production.

According to IEC 60598-1 Annex Q (informative only!) or ENEC 303-Annex A, each luminaire should be submitted to an insulation test with 500 V_{DC} for 1 second. This test voltage should be connected between the interconnected phase and neutral terminals and the earth terminal. The insulation resistance must be at least 2 MΩ.

As an alternative, IEC 60598-1 Annex Q describes a test of the electrical strength with 1500 V_{AC} (or 1.414 x 1500 V_{DC}). To avoid damage to the electronic devices this test must not be conducted.

6.2 Conditions of use and storage

Humidity: 5 % up to max. 85 %,
not condensed
(max. 56 days/year at 85 %)

Storage temperature: -40 °C up to max. +80 °C

The devices have to be acclimatised to the specified temperature range (t_a) before they can be operated.

The LED driver is declared as inbuilt LED controlgear, meaning it is intended to be used within a luminaire enclosure.

If the product is used outside a luminaire, the installation must provide suitable protection for people and environment (e.g. in illuminated ceilings).

6.3 Maximum number of switching cycles

All LED driver are tested with 50,000 switching cycles.

6.4 Additional information

Additional technical information at www.tridonic.com → Technical Data

Lifetime declarations are informative and represent no warranty claim. No warranty if device was opened.