

Driver LCBI 20W 350/500mA PHASE-CUT/1-10V SR

advanced series

**Product description**

- _ Independent dimmable LED driver
- _ Constant current LED driver
- _ Output current 350 or 500 mA
- _ Output power 19 W
- _ Nominal lifetime up to 50,000 h
- _ SELV
- _ Dimmable via leading edge and trailing edge phase dimmers
- _ Dimmable via 1 ... 10 V
- _ Output dimmed analogue (current amplitude)
- _ Dimming range typ. 10 to 100 % (depending on dimmer)
- _ For luminaires of protection class I and protection class II
- _ For luminaires with M and MM as per EN 60598, VDE 0710 and VDE 0711
- _ Temperature protection as per EN 61347-2-13 C5e
- _ 5 years guarantee (conditions at <https://www.tridonic.com/en/int/services/manufacturer-guarantee-conditions>)

Housing properties

- _ Casing: polycarbonate, white
- _ Type of protection IP20
- _ Screw terminal

Functions

- _ Overload protection
- _ Short-circuit protection
- _ No-load protection
- _ No output current overshoot at mains on/off

Website

<http://www.tridonic.com/87500276>



Spotlights



Downlights



Linear



Area



Floor | Wall



Free-standing



Street



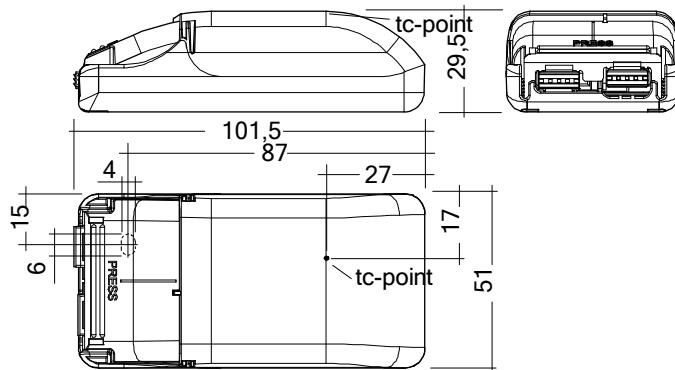
Decorative



High bay

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Ordering data

Type	Article number	Packaging, carton	Packaging, pallet	Packaging, high volume	Weight per pc.
LCBI 20W 350mA PHASE-CUT/1-10V SR	87500276	50 pc(s).	700 pc(s).	3,500 pc(s).	0.088 kg
LCBI 20W 500mA PHASE-CUT/1-10V SR	87500277	50 pc(s).	700 pc(s).	3,500 pc(s).	0.085 kg

Technical data

Rated supply voltage	220 – 240 V
AC voltage range	198 – 264 V
Typ. rated current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	110 mA
λ at full load	0.95
λ over full operating range (min.)	0.9C
Mains frequency	50 Hz
Oversupply protection	300 V AC, 1 h
Max. input power	25 W
Output power	9.5 – 19 W
THD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	< 20 %
THD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, min. load)	< 20 %
Control input ^①	1...10 V, potentiometer 200 k Ω
Output current tolerance (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) ^②	\pm 7.5 %
Output current tolerance (at 230 V, 50 Hz, min. load) ^②	\pm 10 %
Starting time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	\leq 0.5 s
Turn off time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	\leq 0.2 s
Hold on time at power failure (output)	0 s
Ambient temperature ta	-20 ... +40 °C
Ambient temperature ta (at lifetime 50,000 h)	40 °C
Max. casing temperature tc	65 °C
Storage temperature ts	-40 ... +80 °C
Lifetime	up to 50,000 h
Guarantee (conditions at www.tridonic.com)	5 Year(s)
Dimensions L x W x H	101.5 x 51 x 29.5 mm

Approval marks

IP20 SELV

Standards

EN 55015, EN 61000-3-2, EN 61000-3-3, EN 61347-1, EN 61347-2-13, EN 61547

Specific technical data

Type	Output current ^③	Efficiency at full load	Efficiency at min. load	Min. forward voltage	Max. forward voltage	Max. output voltage (U-OUT)	Max. repetitive output peak current at full load	Max. non-repetitive output peak current at min. load	Max. non-repetitive output peak current at full load	Max. non-repetitive output peak current at min. load	Typ. current ripple (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)
LCBI 20W 350mA PHASE-CUT/1-10V SR	350 mA	81 %	78 %	27 V	54 V	65 V	510 mA	620 mA	510 mA	620 mA	\pm 25 %
LCBI 20W 500mA PHASE-CUT/1-10V SR	500 mA	80 %	77 %	19 V	38 V	50 V	730 mA	890 mA	740 mA	890 mA	\pm 25 %

^① 1...10 V DC source with double or reinforced insulation with respect to AC mains. Max. source current: 0.1 mA. Suitable for passiv and active control.

② Output current is mean value.

③ Test result at 230 V, 50 Hz without dimmer connected.

Standards

EN 55015
EN 61000-3-2
EN 61000-3-3
EN 61347-1
EN 61347-2-13
EN 61547

Dimming

Dimming range 10 % to 100 %

Control with:

- Potentiometer
- 1 ... 10 V
- Both phase cut and 1 ... 10 V dimmer connect together in one device is not permitted and may cause flicker.
- In 1 ... 10 V dimming applications, the system SELV depends on the dimmer. If a SELV 1 ... 10 V dimmer is used, the system will be SELV.
- Wrong polarity input to the 1 – 10 V interface will damage the LED converter.

Overload protection

If the output voltage range is exceeded the LED control gear reduces the LED output current. After elimination of the overload the nominal operation is restored automatically.

Short-circuit behaviour

In case of a short circuit on the secondary side (LED) the LED control gear switches off. After elimination of the short circuit the nominal operation is restored automatically.

No-load operation

The LED control gear works in burst working mode to provide a constant output voltage regulation which allows the application to be able to work safely when LED string open due a failure.

In no-load operation the output voltage will not exceed the specified max. output voltage (see page 2).

1 ... 10 V function

The light intensity of the LEDs vary proportionally to the signal sent to the terminal.

Potentiometer function

By rotating the potentiometer there is variation of the LED light intensity in a proportionate or logarithmic way depending on the model of potentiometer used. The use of a logarithmic potentiometer is recommended.

Humidity: 5 % up to max. 85 %,
not condensed
(max. 56 days/year at 85 %)

Storage temperature: -40 °C up to max. +80 °C

The devices have to be within the specified temperature range (ta) before they can be operated.

Glow wire test

according to EN 60598-1 with increased temperature of 960 °C passed.

Expected life-time

Type	ta	40 °C	50 °C
LCBI 20W xxxmA PHASE-CUT/1-10 V SR	tc Life-time	65 °C 50,000h	x

The LED drivers are designed for a life-time stated above under reference conditions and with a failure probability of less than 10 %.

Maximum loading of automatic circuit breakers

Automatic circuit breaker type	C10	C13	C16	C20	B10	B13	B16	B20	Inrush current
Installation Ø	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	2.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	2.5 mm ²	I _{max}
LCBI 20W 350mA PHASE-CUT/1-10 V SR	60	90	120	140	30	45	60	70	10 A
LCBI 20W 500mA PHASE-CUT/1-10 V SR	60	90	120	140	30	45	60	70	10 A

Harmonic distortion in the mains supply (at 230V / 50 Hz and full load) in %

	THD	3.	5.	7.	9.	11.
LCBI 20W 350mA PHASE-CUT/1-10 V SR	20	7	4	4	4	3
LCBI 20W 500mA PHASE-CUT/1-10 V SR	20	7	6	6	4	3

Installation instructions

The LED module and all contact points within the wiring must be sufficiently insulated against 2.8 kV surge voltage.

Air and creepage distance must be maintained.

Replace LED module

1. Mains off
2. Remove LED module
3. Wait for 20 seconds
4. Connect LED module again

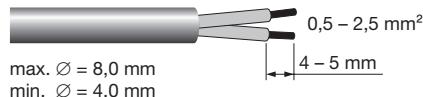
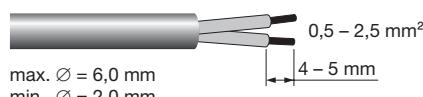
Hot plug-in or secondary switching of LEDs is not permitted and may cause a very high current to the LEDs.

Wiring type and cross section

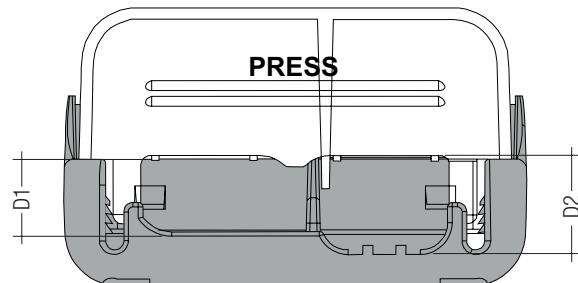
For wiring use stranded wire with ferrules or solid wire.

For perfect function of the cage clamp terminals the strip length should be 4 – 5 mm for the input terminal.

The max. torque at the clamping screw (M3) is 0.2 Nm.

Input terminal (D2)**Output terminal (D1)**

To get a proper working strain relief it is recommended that the cable jacket diameter of the side D2 is 2 mm bigger than the diameter of the side D1. (This can vary if the used cable jacket material varies from side D2 to D1 in pinching property).



Depending on the used flaps of the terminal following cable jacket diameter difference between the side D2 and D1 terminals is recommended:

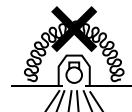
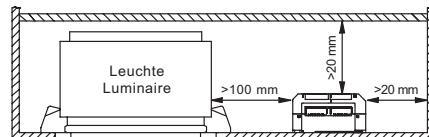
Side D1		Side D2				Difference D2 - D1
Housing bottom	Cover terminal	With flap	Without flap	With flap	Without flap	
With flap	Without flap	With flap	Without flap	With flap	Without flap	
x	–	x	–	x	–	3.5 mm
x	–	x	–	–	x	5.5 mm
x	–	–	x	–	x	3.5 mm
–	x	x	–	–	x	3.5 mm
–	x	–	x	–	x	1.5 mm
x	–	–	x	x	–	1.5 mm
–	x	x	–	x	–	1.5 mm
–	x	–	x	x	–	-0.5 mm

Wiring guidelines

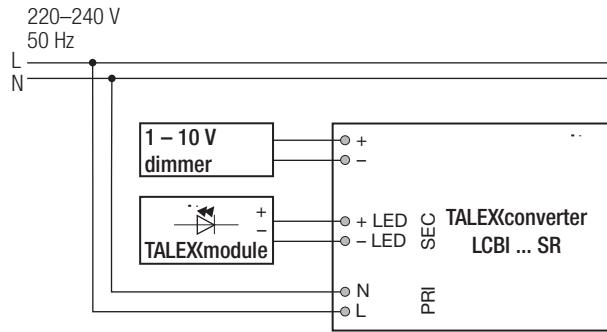
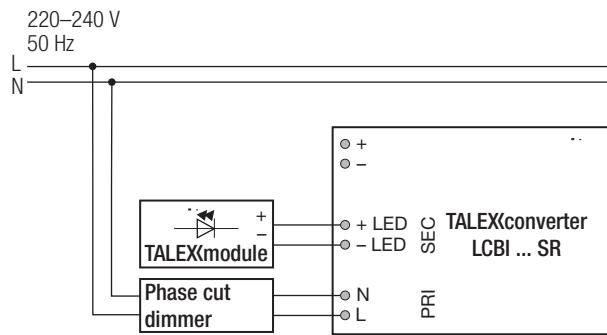
- All connections must be kept as short as possible to ensure good EMI behaviour.
- Mains leads should be kept apart from LED control gear and other leads (ideally 5 – 10 cm distance).
- Max. length of output wires is 2 m.
- Secondary switching is not permitted.
- Incorrect wiring can damage LED modules.
- The wiring must be protected against short circuits to earth (sharp edged metal parts, metal cable clips, louver, etc.).

Fixing conditions

Dry, acidfree, oilfree, fatfree. It is not allowed to exceed the maximum ambient temperature (ta) stated on the device. Minimum distances stated below are recommendations and depend on the actual luminaire. Is not suitable for fixing in corner.



Device not suitable for covering with thermally insulating material according to IEC 60598-1 Ed.9

Wiring diagram

Recommendation to check glowing at standby in combination with class I luminaires.

Isolation and electric strength testing of luminaires

Electronic devices can be damaged by high voltage. This has to be considered during the routine testing of the luminaires in production.

According to IEC 60598-1 Annex Q (informative only!) or ENEC 303-Annex A, each luminaire should be submitted to an isolation test with 500 V_{DC} for 1 second. This test voltage should be connected between the interconnected phase and neutral terminals and the earth terminal.

The isolation resistance must be at least 2 MΩ.

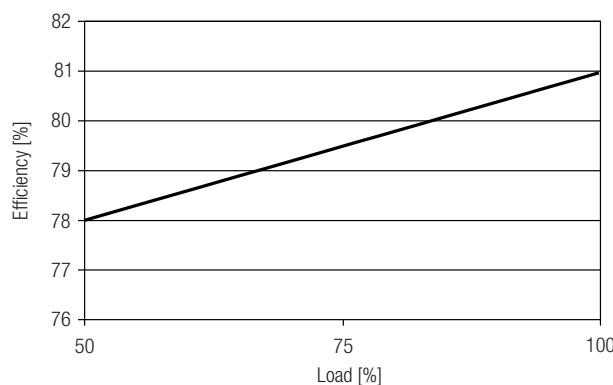
As an alternative, IEC 60598-1 Annex Q describes a test of the electrical strength with 1500 V_{AC} (or 1.414 x 1500 V_{DC}). To avoid damage to the electronic devices this test must not be conducted.

Additional information

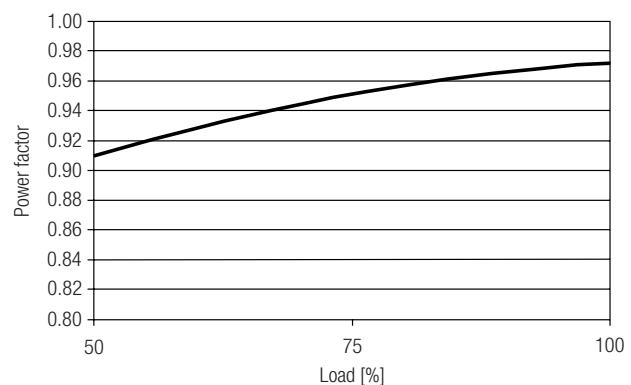
Additional technical information at www.tridonic.com → Technical Data
 Guarantee conditions at www.tridonic.com → Services
 No warranty if device was opened.

Diagrams LCBI 20W 350mA PHASE-CUT/1–10 V SR

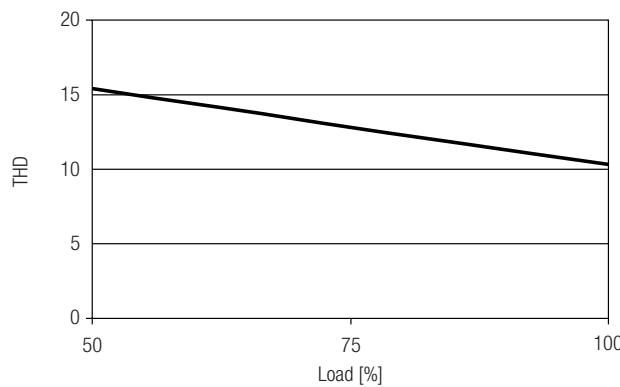
Efficiency vs load



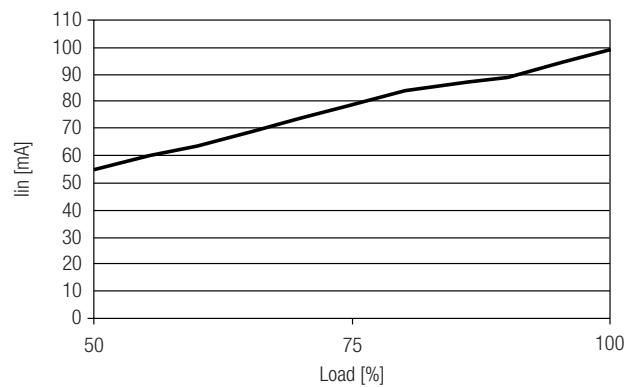
Power factor vs load



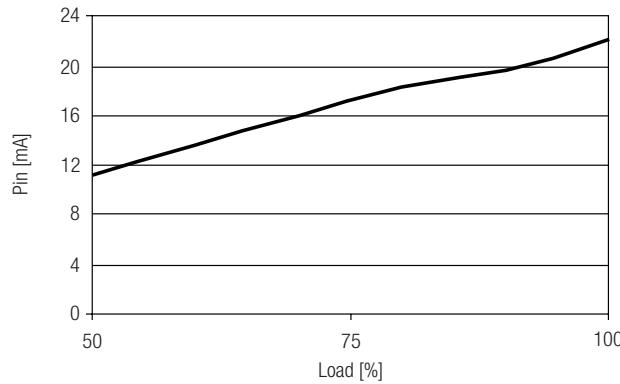
THD vs load



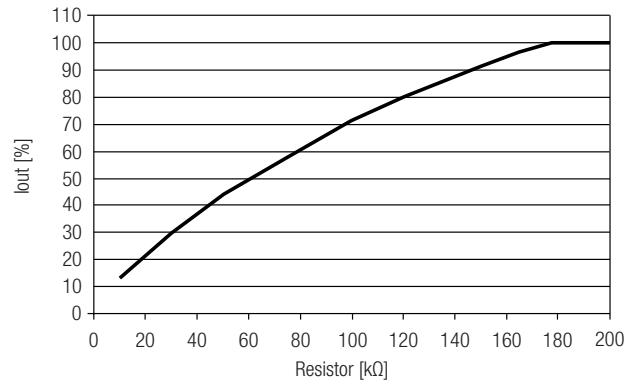
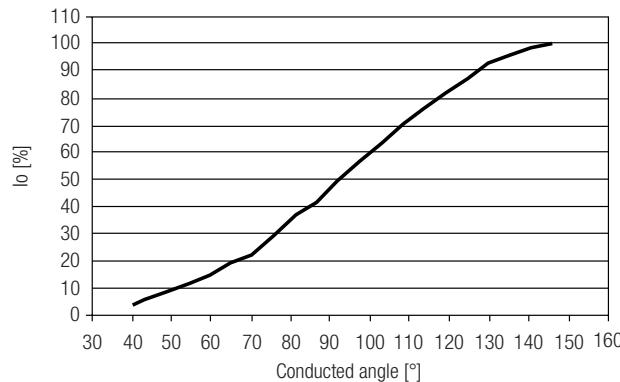
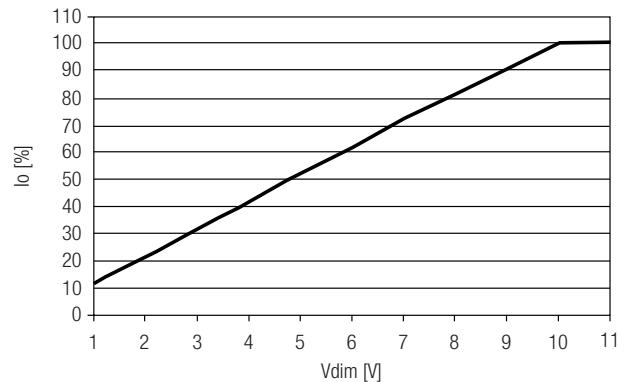
Input current vs load



Input power vs load

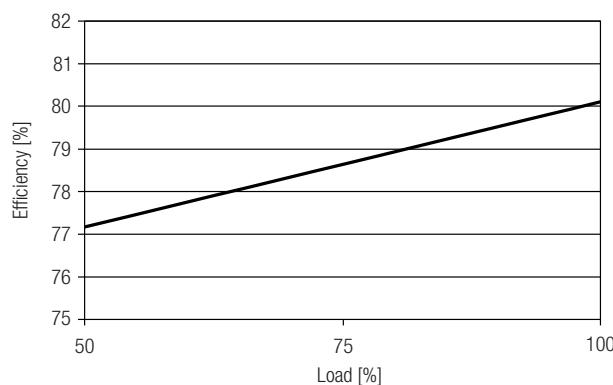


Output current vs dimming resistance

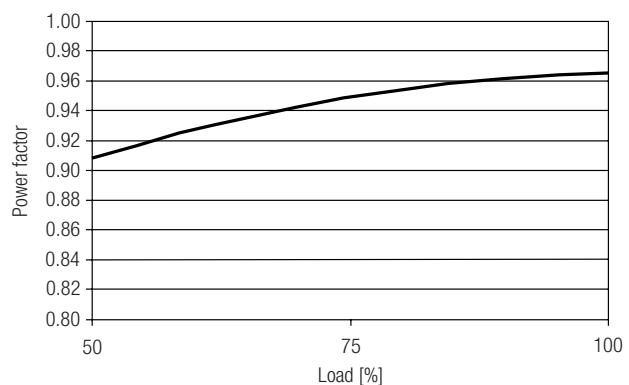
Phase cut dimming curve (depends dimmer)
Output current vs dimming angle1 – 10 V dimming curve
Output current vs dimming voltage

Diagrams LCBI 20W 500mA PHASE-CUT/1–10 V SR

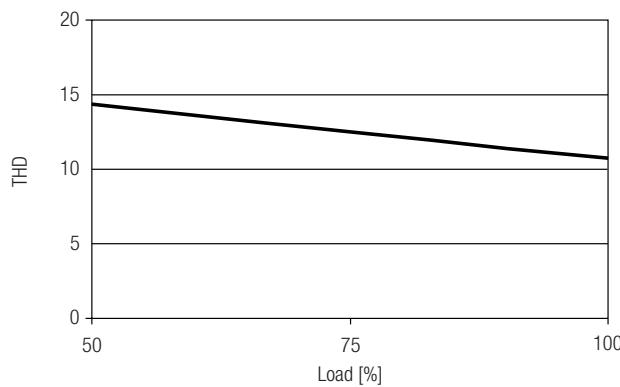
Efficiency vs load



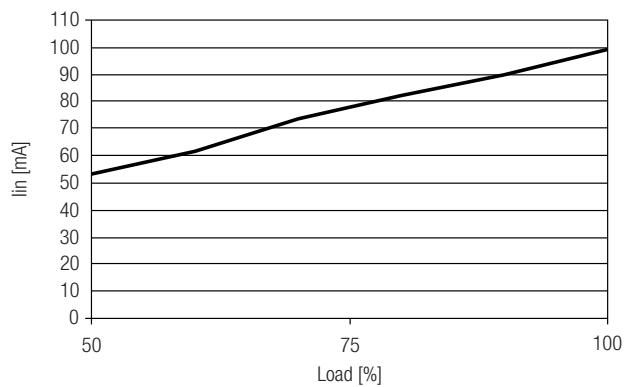
Power factor vs load



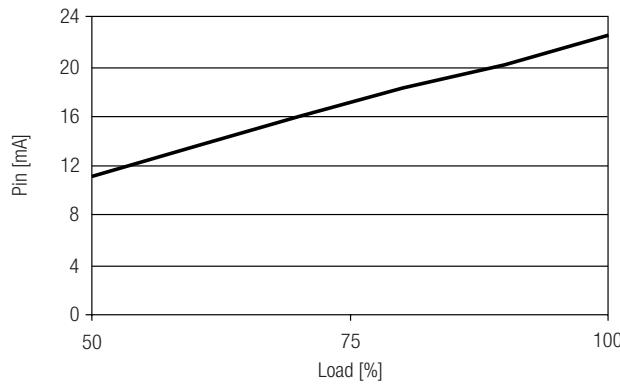
THD vs load



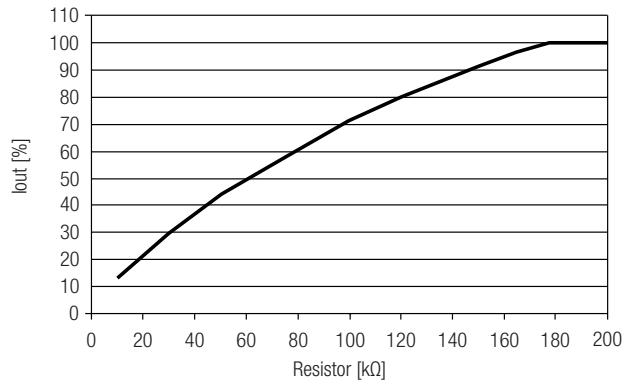
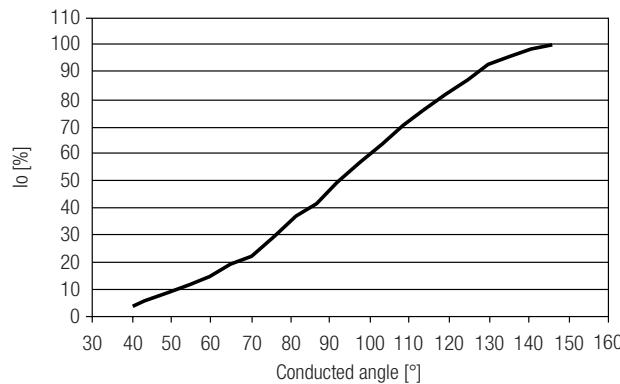
Input current vs load



Input power vs load



Output current vs dimming resistance

Phase cut dimming curve (depends dimmer)
Output current vs dimming angle1 – 10 V dimming curve
Output current vs dimming voltage