EcoStruxure™ Control Engineering Monitoring

User Guide

Original instructions



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Table of Contents

Safety Information	5
Before You Begin	5
Start-up and Test	6
Operation and Adjustments	7
About the Book	8
Introduction to EcoStruxure Control Engineering -	
Monitoring	14
Registration, Login, Account Settings, Licenses and	
Sessions	15
Registration	15
Login	16
Account Settings	17
Licenses	18
Sessions	20
Creating Projects and Programs	21
Introduction to Projects and Programs	
Creating Projects and Programs	22
Program Creation Wizard	24
Overview of the Program	27
Accessing a Shared Program	28
Sharing Programs with Other Users	29
File Repository of Programs	31
Monitoring a Controller Application	32
Pre-Deployment Considerations	32
Architecture	33
Installation and Configuration	35
Creating a Representation of an Controller Application	39
The Data Flow View	40
The Control Flow View	45
Integration with SCADA	
Downloading an Offline Version of the Representation	50
Manufacturer-Specific File Export Procedures	51
EcoStruxure Control Expert (.XEF / .ZEF / .XVM File Export)	51
EcoStruxure Machine Expert (.EXPORT File Export)	52
PL7 Pro (.FEF File Export)	54
3S CODESYS V3 (.EXPORT File Export)	
3S CODESYS V2 (.EXP File Export)	
BECKHOFF TwinCAT V3 (.XML File Export)	
PHOENIX CONTACT Multiprog v5.5 (.XML File Export)	60
Rockwell Automation® RSLogix 5000® or Studio 5000 (.L5K File	
Export)	61
Siemens SIMATIC STEP 7 (.ASC, .AWL, .GR7 and .SCL File	
Export)	
Siemens TIA Portal SIMATIC STEP 7 (.ZIP File Export)	71

Safety Information

Important Information

Read these instructions carefully, and look at the equipment to become familiar with the device before trying to install, operate, service, or maintain it. The following special messages may appear throughout this documentation or on the equipment to warn of potential hazards or to call attention to information that clarifies or simplifies a procedure.



The addition of this symbol to a "Danger" or "Warning" safety label indicates that an electrical hazard exists which will result in personal injury if the instructions are not followed.



This is the safety alert symbol. It is used to alert you to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death.

A DANGER

DANGER indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, **will result in** death or serious injury.

A WARNING

WARNING indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, **could result in** death or serious injury.

A CAUTION

CAUTION indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, **could result** in minor or moderate injury.

NOTICE

NOTICE is used to address practices not related to physical injury.

Please Note

Electrical equipment should be installed, operated, serviced, and maintained only by qualified personnel. No responsibility is assumed by Schneider Electric for any consequences arising out of the use of this material.

A qualified person is one who has skills and knowledge related to the construction and operation of electrical equipment and its installation, and has received safety training to recognize and avoid the hazards involved.

Before You Begin

Do not use this product on machinery lacking effective point-of-operation guarding. Lack of effective point-of-operation guarding on a machine can result in serious injury to the operator of that machine.

AWARNING

UNGUARDED EQUIPMENT

- Do not use this software and related automation equipment on equipment which does not have point-of-operation protection.
- Do not reach into machinery during operation.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

This automation equipment and related software is used to control a variety of industrial processes. The type or model of automation equipment suitable for each application will vary depending on factors such as the control function required, degree of protection required, production methods, unusual conditions, government regulations, etc. In some applications, more than one processor may be required, as when backup redundancy is needed.

Only you, the user, machine builder or system integrator can be aware of all the conditions and factors present during setup, operation, and maintenance of the machine and, therefore, can determine the automation equipment and the related safeties and interlocks which can be properly used. When selecting automation and control equipment and related software for a particular application, you should refer to the applicable local and national standards and regulations. The National Safety Council's Accident Prevention Manual (nationally recognized in the United States of America) also provides much useful information.

In some applications, such as packaging machinery, additional operator protection such as point-of-operation guarding must be provided. This is necessary if the operator's hands and other parts of the body are free to enter the pinch points or other hazardous areas and serious injury can occur. Software products alone cannot protect an operator from injury. For this reason the software cannot be substituted for or take the place of point-of-operation protection.

Ensure that appropriate safeties and mechanical/electrical interlocks related to point-of-operation protection have been installed and are operational before placing the equipment into service. All interlocks and safeties related to point-of-operation protection must be coordinated with the related automation equipment and software programming.

NOTE: Coordination of safeties and mechanical/electrical interlocks for pointof-operation protection is outside the scope of the Function Block Library, System User Guide, or other implementation referenced in this documentation.

Start-up and Test

Before using electrical control and automation equipment for regular operation after installation, the system should be given a start-up test by qualified personnel to verify correct operation of the equipment. It is important that arrangements for such a check are made and that enough time is allowed to perform complete and satisfactory testing.

AWARNING

EQUIPMENT OPERATION HAZARD

- Verify that all installation and set up procedures have been completed.
- Before operational tests are performed, remove all blocks or other temporary holding means used for shipment from all component devices.
- Remove tools, meters, and debris from equipment.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Follow all start-up tests recommended in the equipment documentation. Store all equipment documentation for future references.

Software testing must be done in both simulated and real environments.

Verify that the completed system is free from all short circuits and temporary grounds that are not installed according to local regulations (according to the National Electrical Code in the U.S.A, for instance). If high-potential voltage testing is necessary, follow recommendations in equipment documentation to prevent accidental equipment damage.

Before energizing equipment:

- · Remove tools, meters, and debris from equipment.
- Close the equipment enclosure door.
- Remove all temporary grounds from incoming power lines.
- Perform all start-up tests recommended by the manufacturer.

Operation and Adjustments

The following precautions are from the NEMA Standards Publication ICS 7.1-1995:

(In case of divergence or contradiction between any translation and the English original, the original text in the English language will prevail.)

- Regardless of the care exercised in the design and manufacture of equipment or in the selection and ratings of components, there are hazards that can be encountered if such equipment is improperly operated.
- It is sometimes possible to misadjust the equipment and thus produce unsatisfactory or unsafe operation. Always use the manufacturer's instructions as a guide for functional adjustments. Personnel who have access to these adjustments should be familiar with the equipment manufacturer's instructions and the machinery used with the electrical equipment.
- Only those operational adjustments required by the operator should be accessible to the operator. Access to other controls should be restricted to prevent unauthorized changes in operating characteristics.

About the Book

Document Scope

The present user guide describes the functionality provided by EcoStruxure Control Engineering - Monitoring.

Validity Note

This document has been updated for the release of EcoStruxure Control Engineering V24.2.

Available Languages of this Document

This document is available in these languages:

- English (EIO0000004427)
- French (EIO0000004775)

Related Documents

Title of documentation	Reference number
EcoStruxure Control Engineering -	EIO0000004426 (eng)
Documentation - Oser Guide	EIO0000004774 (fre)
EcoStruxure Control Engineering - Converter - User Guide	EIO0000004425 (eng)
User Guide	EIO0000004773 (fre)
EcoStruxure Control Engineering - Verification - User Guide	EIO000004424 (eng)
User Guide	EIO0000004772 (eng)
Cybersecurity Best Practices	CS-Best-Practices-2019-340
EcoStruxure Control Engineering, Hardening Guide	EIO000004982 (eng)

To find documents online, visit the Schneider Electric download center (www.se.com/ww/en/download/).

Product Related Information

AWARNING

LOSS OF CONTROL

- Perform a Failure Mode and Effects Analysis (FMEA), or equivalent risk analysis, of your application, and apply preventive and detective controls before implementation.
- Provide a fallback state for undesired control events or sequences.
- Provide separate or redundant control paths wherever required.
- Supply appropriate parameters, particularly for limits.
- Review the implications of transmission delays and take actions to mitigate them.
- Review the implications of communication link interruptions and take actions to mitigate them.
- Provide independent paths for control functions (for example, emergency stop, over-limit conditions, and error conditions) according to your risk assessment, and applicable codes and regulations.
- Apply local accident prevention and safety regulations and guidelines.¹
- Test each implementation of a system for proper operation before placing it into service.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

¹ For additional information, refer to NEMA ICS 1.1 (latest edition), Safety Guidelines for the Application, Installation, and Maintenance of Solid State Control and to NEMA ICS 7.1 (latest edition), Safety Standards for Construction and Guide for Selection, Installation and Operation of Adjustable-Speed Drive Systems or their equivalent governing your particular location.

▲ WARNING

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

- Perform a risk assessment as per ISO 12100 and/or other equivalent assessment in view of your use of EcoStruxure Control Engineering.
- In your risk assessment, consider all applicable regulations and standards that apply to your development process and to your machine/process.
- Verify that your use of EcoStruxure Control Engineering is fully covered in the definition of your software development process and that your software development process meets all applicable regulations and standards.
- After modifications of any type whatsoever to the source code of your application resulting from your use of EcoStruxure Control Engineering, commission or recommission the machine/process in compliance with all regulations, standards, and process definitions applicable to your machine/ process.
- During commissioning or recommissioning of the machine/process, verify
 the correct operation and effectiveness of all safety-related functions and
 non-safety-related functions by performing comprehensive tests for all
 operating states, for the defined safe state of your machine/process, and for
 all potential error situations.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

EcoStruxure Control Engineering - Monitoring generates a representation of the source code of your controller application and uses the representation as a basis for providing information on your controller application. You must, therefore, ensure that the source code used for your application on the controller is the same as the source code used for EcoStruxure Control Engineering. You can do so by, for example, implementing automated version control routines, or by setting up appropriate organizational measures to meet the corresponding requirements.

AWARNING

INCORRECT OR INCOMPLETE SOURCE CODE ANALYSIS

- In your risk assessment, consider all potential effects of inappropriate, incorrect, or incomplete input files used with EcoStruxure Control Engineering.
- Verify that the source code exported from your software development environment and to be used by EcoStruxure Control Engineering is the identical to the source code used for the application running on your controller.
- Do not rely on the data provided by EcoStruxure Control Engineering -Monitoring as the sole source of information in monitoring, verifying, validating or otherwise assessing the operation of your machine/process.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Machines, controllers, and related equipment are usually integrated into networks. Unauthorized persons and malware may gain access to the machine as well as to other devices on the network/fieldbus of the machine and connected networks because of insufficiently secure access to software and networks.

Schneider Electric adheres to industry best practices in the development and implementation of control systems. This includes a "Defense-in-Depth" approach to secure an Industrial Control System. This approach places the controllers behind one or more firewalls to restrict access to authorized personnel and protocols only.

▲ WARNING

UNAUTHENTICATED ACCESS AND SUBSEQUENT UNAUTHORIZED MACHINE OPERATION

- Evaluate whether your application environments are connected to your critical infrastructure and, if so, take appropriate steps in terms of prevention, based on Defense-in-Depth, before connecting the automation system to any network.
- Limit the number of devices connected to a network to the minimum necessary.
- Isolate your industrial network from other networks inside your company.
- Protect any network against unintended access by using firewalls, VPN, or other, proven security measures, such as an Intrusion Prevention System or Intrusion Detection System.
- · Monitor activities within your systems.
- Prevent subject devices from direct access or direct link by unauthorized parties or unauthenticated actions.
- Install certificates that are issued by publicly known Trusted Certificate Authorities.
- Keep your systems up-to-date and rely only on legitimate sources.
- Prepare a recovery plan including backup of your system and process information.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

For more information on organizational measures and rules covering access to infrastructures, refer to ISO/IEC 27000 series, Common Criteria for Information Technology Security Evaluation, ISO/IEC 15408, IEC 62351, ISA/IEC 62443, NIST Cybersecurity Framework, Information Security Forum - Standard of Good Practice for Information Security, and refer to Cybersecurity Guidelines for EcoStruxure Machine Expert, Modicon and PacDrive Controllers and Associated Equipment.

For reasons of Internet security, for those devices that have a native Ethernet connection, TCP/IP forwarding is disabled by default. Therefore, you must manually enable TCP/IP forwarding. However, doing so may expose your network to possible cyberattacks if you do not take additional measures to protect your enterprise. In addition, you may be subject to laws and regulations concerning cybersecurity.

AWARNING

UNAUTHENTICATED ACCESS AND SUBSEQUENT NETWORK INTRUSION

- Observe and respect any and all pertinent national, regional and local cybersecurity and/or personal data laws and regulations when enabling TCP/IP forwarding on an industrial network.
- Isolate your industrial network from other networks inside your company.
- Protect any network against unintended access by using firewalls, VPN, or other, proven security measures.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Consult the Schneider Electric Cybersecurity Best Practices for additional information.

Information on Non-Inclusive or Insensitive Terminology

As a responsible, inclusive company, Schneider Electric is constantly updating its communications and products that contain non-inclusive or insensitive terminology. However, despite these efforts, our content may still contain terms that are deemed inappropriate by some customers.

Terminology Derived from Standards

The technical terms, terminology, symbols and the corresponding descriptions in the information contained herein, or that appear in or on the products themselves, are generally derived from the terms or definitions of international standards.

In the area of functional safety systems, drives and general automation, this may include, but is not limited to, terms such as safety, safety function, safe state, fault, fault reset, malfunction, failure, error, error message, dangerous, etc.

Among others, these standards include:

Standard	Description
IEC 61131-2:2007	Programmable controllers, part 2: Equipment requirements and tests.
ISO 13849-1:2023	Safety of machinery: Safety related parts of control systems.
	General principles for design.
EN 61496-1:2013	Safety of machinery: Electro-sensitive protective equipment.
	Part 1: General requirements and tests.
ISO 12100:2010	Safety of machinery - General principles for design - Risk assessment and risk reduction
EN 60204-1:2006	Safety of machinery - Electrical equipment of machines - Part 1: General requirements
ISO 14119:2013	Safety of machinery - Interlocking devices associated with guards - Principles for design and selection
ISO 13850:2015	Safety of machinery - Emergency stop - Principles for design
IEC 62061:2021	Safety of machinery - Functional safety of safety-related electrical, electronic, and electronic programmable control systems
IEC 61508-1:2010	Functional safety of electrical/electronic/programmable electronic safety-related systems: General requirements.
IEC 61508-2:2010	Functional safety of electrical/electronic/programmable electronic safety-related systems: Requirements for electrical/electronic/programmable electronic safety-related systems.
IEC 61508-3:2010	Functional safety of electrical/electronic/programmable electronic safety-related systems: Software requirements.
IEC 61784-3:2021	Industrial communication networks - Profiles - Part 3: Functional safety fieldbuses - General rules and profile definitions.
2006/42/EC	Machinery Directive
2014/30/EU	Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive
2014/35/EU	Low Voltage Directive

In addition, terms used in the present document may tangentially be used as they are derived from other standards such as:

Standard	Description
IEC 60034 series	Rotating electrical machines
IEC 61800 series	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems
IEC 61158 series	Digital data communications for measurement and control – Fieldbus for use in industrial control systems

Finally, the term zone of operation may be used in conjunction with the description of specific hazards, and is defined as it is for a hazard zone or danger zone in the Machinery Directive (2006/42/EC) and ISO 12100:2010.

NOTE: The aforementioned standards may or may not apply to the specific products cited in the present documentation. For more information concerning the individual standards applicable to the products described herein, see the characteristics tables for those product references.

Introduction to EcoStruxure Control Engineering - Monitoring

Overview

EcoStruxure Control Engineering - Monitoring is a diagnostics solution that provides live views of your running controller application to help reduce the downtime of controller-based systems by supporting operators and maintenance teams in diagnosing an issue.

It provides a representation of the structure of your controller application in the form of a data flow dependence tree with the corresponding cross-references (in Ladder or Structured Text) that show the different equations relating to a selected variable. Based on these dependence tree and cross-reference representations, EcoStruxure Control Engineering - Monitoring displays the values of the variables of the running controller application. Views are available that show only those inputs that are instrumental in determining the values of a selected output, or only the outputs whose values depend on a selected input.

EcoStruxure Control Engineering - Monitoring is installed on a dedicated server in your industrial production network. It is a Software as a Service (SaaS) tool accessible using a web browser. This allows, for example, for access from distributed locations, enabling on-site maintenance staff to be supported by engineers who are not on site.

Use Cases

EcoStruxure Control Engineering - Monitoring meets the requirements of different profiles in various use cases:

- · Operators:
 - Assistance in determining potential causes for machine downtime
 - Support in securing the system before a restart
- · Maintenance teams:
 - Diagnostics of hardware issues
 - Diagnostics of software issues
 - Identification of missing criteria
- · Automation experts/developers:
 - Familiarization with complex systems
 - Reduction of the time required to develop the monitoring system by removing the need to create diagnostic synoptics (EcoStruxure Control Engineering - Monitoring can substitute corresponding panels).
 - Reduction of the time required for code instrumentation since EcoStruxure Control Engineering - Monitoring does not require any.

For each of these profiles, EcoStruxure Control Engineering - Monitoring is also useful for training people.

Registration, Login, Account Settings, Licenses and Sessions

Registration

Overview

The EcoStruxure Control Engineering tools are accessible using a dedicated server for your organization.

The URL of the dedicated server is available from your system administrator.

Browser Compatibility

The following web browsers are supported:

- Mozilla Firefox from version 102
- Google Chrome from version 127
- Microsoft Edge from version 127
- Apple Safari from version 17

Registration

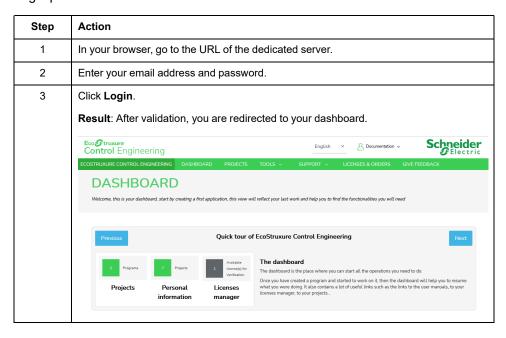
Contact your system administrator to coordinate the registration before you begin the registration procedure.

Registration procedure:

Step	Action
1	In your browser, go to the URL of the dedicated server.
2	Click Sign up.
3	Fill in the form with your first and last names, your phone number, your email address (which is used as your identifier) and select a password. Password requirements: • At least one uppercase character • At least one lowercase character • At least one numerical character • At least one special character (such as "{", "/", "\$") • Password length at least eight characters
4	Read the <i>Terms and Conditions</i> and, if you agree, select I agree to the Terms and Conditions .
5	Click Sign Up. Result: Your account is created and activated.

Login

Login procedure:



Account Settings

The **Settings** page helps you to access the personal information of the account and the global EcoStruxure Control Engineering platform settings.

Step	Action
1	In the Dashboard window, click . Result: A menu is displayed.
2	Click Settings.
	Result: The Settings page is displayed.

The **Profile** tab lists the user personal information such as the identity, phone number and country. You can update this information at any time.

The **Password** tab provides the password change form. You can change your password at any time.

The **Notifications** tab allows you to configure the type of email notifications sent to you by the web platform.

The View Settings tab allows you to select the default view for projects.

The **Accessibility** tab allows you to adapt the on-screen representation to your personal needs, for example, high contrast colors.

The **Privacy** tab provides general information on privacy and on the cookies policy. It describes how personal data is used and how you can exercise your rights relating to personal data.

You can receive email notifications and delete the personal information if the dedicated server is configured to send the emails.

Licenses

General

Schneider Electric offers various license plans for EcoStruxure Control Engineering tools.

Paid License Plans

Contact your local Schneider Electric representative for details on the available license plans for EcoStruxure Control Engineering tools. A selection of licenses is also directly available from Schneider Electric Software Shop Catalog at https://www.se.com/us/en/shop/software/?offerid=ECEE.

Overview of Your Paid Licenses, Your Orders And Your Contract

In the main menu click **LICENSES & ORDERS** to get an overview of your paid licenses, your orders and your contract.

The overview contains three tabs:

- The **Licenses** tab contains a list of your available licenses.
- · The Orders tab contains a list of your orders.
- The Contract tab contains details of your contract.

Licenses Tab

The **Licenses** tab contains a list of licenses associated with your account. The list contains information such as license ID, name and type.

The buttons **Buy New Licenses On Schneider Electric Software Shop** (cloud version) and **Order Licenses** (dedicated server version) allows you to buy additional licenses.

- If you use the cloud version, the Buy New Licenses On Schneider Electric Software Shop button opens the Schneider Electric Software Shop Catalog (https://www.se.com/us/en/shop/software/?offerid=ECEE). After the checkout process, your licenses are automatically added to your account (within approximately 30 minutes).
- If you use the dedicated server version, the Order Licenses button opens a
 wizard. With the wizard you can add the licenses you want to buy. At the end
 of the wizard you must download the license request file and send it to your
 Schneider Electric service representative. The Schneider Electric service
 representative sends you then a license file. You must install the license file
 manually using the Install Licenses button.

The **Quick Filters** button allows you to filter your licenses. The licenses can be filtered by logic controller brand or by expiration date (licenses that expire within the next three weeks).

The **Transfer Licenses** button allows you to transfer one or more licenses to a different user. A license can only be transferred if the license has not yet been used, has not expired and is not currently associated to a program.

Orders Tab

The **Orders** tab contains a list of orders associated with your account. The list contains information such as name, status and description.

The details of an order can be displayed by clicking the name of an order.

Information for each order:

- The Overview tab shows details on the person who created the order and the state of the order.
- The **Order content** tab shows details on the ordered products.
- The Licenses tab shows a list of the associated licenses.

If you use the dedicated server version, this tab allows you to download once again the license request file for orders created via the wizard.

Contract Tab

The **Contract** tab contains details of your contract. A contract allows you to provide seat licenses for a group of users and to set default **Glips versions**.

The **Summary** button provides a summary of your contract (contract name, description, contract manager, company and subscribed products) and a list of the members of the contract.

The **Repository** button shows a list of files that are shared between the contract members, for example, the rules file.

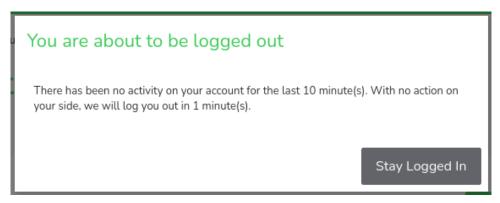
As a contract manager, you can do the following:

- The buttons Reporting > Activity summary and Reporting > History show usage statistics of the contract members.
- The Administrate > Contract members button allows you to add and remove contract members.
- The Administrate > Default Glips versions button allows you to set the
 default Glips version for each use case. Verify that the Glips version you
 select meets your requirements and matches the specifics of the input code.

Sessions

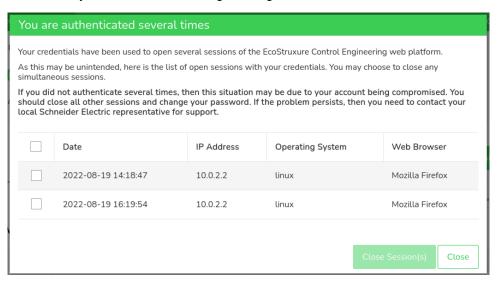
Automatic Log-Out (Session Time-Out)

After 11 minutes of inactivity in an EcoStruxure Control Engineering session, you are automatically logged out. If you work with multiple browser tabs, the most recent activity in any of the tabs applies. For example, if you work in tab 1, but not in tab 2, tab 2 does not disconnect you because there is activity in tab 1.



Multiple Sessions

If your credentials are used in multiple sessions, you receive a notification. For example, if you are logged in and another session is established with the same credentials, you receive the following message:



The information on the connection date and time, the IP address, the operating system and the browser help you to determine whether or not a session is legitimate. You can select and close a session with **Close Session(s)**.

Creating Projects and Programs

Introduction to Projects and Programs

Overview

EcoStruxure Control Engineering provides projects and programs for you to organize your work.

A project is a type of container that can hold programs. A project is not specific to an EcoStruxure Control Engineering tool.

When you register with EcoStruxure Control Engineering, the platform provides one default project for you.

A program is assigned to a project. A program is created in conjunction with one of the tools provided by EcoStruxure Control Engineering. A program typically comprises metadata you entered during its creation, the uploaded source code of a controller application, and the results generated with the EcoStruxure Control Engineering tools.

The EcoStruxure Control Engineering tools are launched from within a program. Whether or not a specific EcoStruxure Control Engineering tool is available for a program depends on the source controller/development environment you select during the creation of the program (**PLC Brand** or **PLC source brand**).

Programs can be shared with other users.

Example

Assume you have been assigned the task of improving a machine ABC with two controllers X and Y. In a first step, you want a deeper understanding of the code of the two controller applications. You create a project "Machine ABC". Then you add two programs to this project: "Controller X" and "Controller Y".

In both of these programs, you run EcoStruxure Control Engineering - Documentation to visualize the data flow and the control flow.

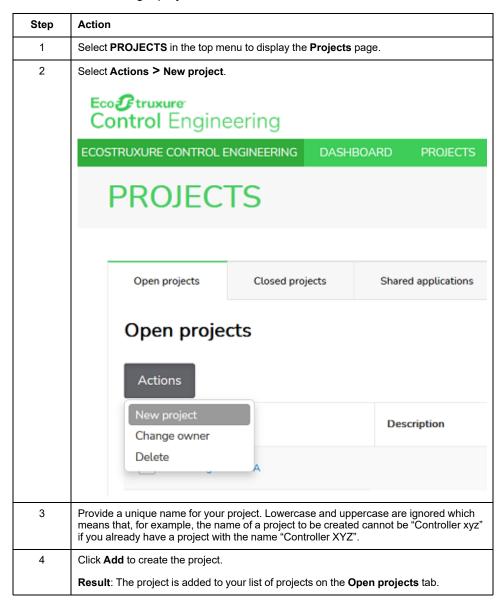
In the next phase, you manage the creation of a new version of the controller applications with improved quality. You start by running EcoStruxure Control Engineering - Verification in your programs to verify the existing code. You share the two programs with the developers so they can access the results of the code verification for assistance in updating the code.

In subsequent phases, you can upload intermediate versions of the updated code into your program and re-run EcoStruxure Control Engineering - Documentation and EcoStruxure Control Engineering - Verification to document the progress and verify that your coding rules have been properly implemented.

Creating Projects and Programs

Creating Projects

Procedure for creating a project:



Clicking a project in the list displays three tabs. The **Overview** tab provides general information on the project. The **Programs** tab contains the list of programs assigned to this project. The **Settings** tab contains the project settings.

Creating Programs

There are three ways to start the creation of a program:

- From outside of a project select **TOOLS** on the main menu
- · From the dashboard click New ...
- From inside a project on its Programs tab select Actions > New program

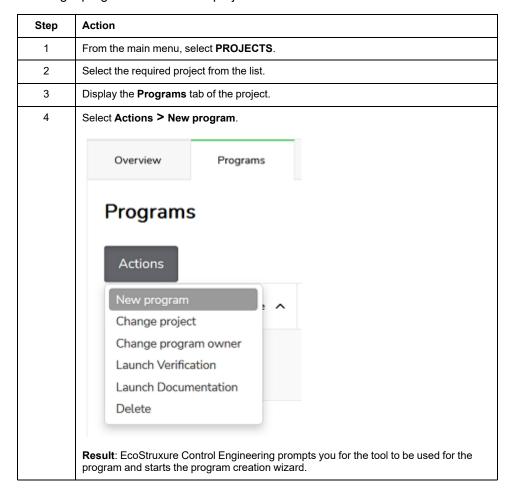
Creating a program from outside of a project:

Step	Action
1	From the main menu, select TOOLS to display a list of the available tools.
2	Select the tool you want to use for the program.
	Result: EcoStruxure Control Engineering starts the program creation wizard.

Creating a program from the dashboard:

Step	Action
1	From the main menu, select DASHBOARD .
2	Click the New button for the tool you want to use for the program.
	Result: EcoStruxure Control Engineering starts the program creation wizard.

Creating a program from inside a project:



Program Creation Wizard

Overview

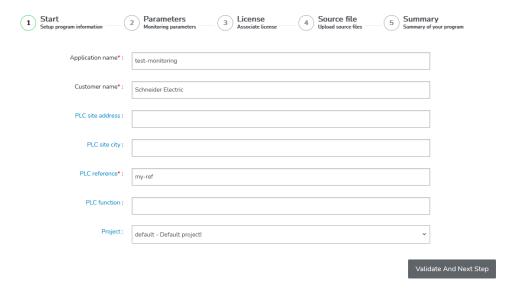
A wizard guides you through the different steps required to create your program and launch the selected EcoStruxure Control Engineering tool.

The project to which the new program is assigned depends on how the wizard is started. If the wizard is started from outside of a project or from the dashboard, the program is assigned to your default project. If the wizard is started from inside a project, the program is assigned to this project. In both cases, the project assignment can be adjusted in step 1 of the wizard.

Refer to Creating Programs, page 22 for details.

Step 1 - Start

The first step consists of providing setup information on the program.



Provide the following information:

- The fields Application name and Customer name are mandatory. The
 defined Application name is used to identify the program in the different
 views of EcoStruxure Control Engineering.
- For Monitoring, the **PLC reference** field is required to configure the connection with the OPC server.
- Add additional information in the other fields so that you can identify this program in your project.

Continue with the next step by clicking Validate And Next Step.

Step 2 - Parameters

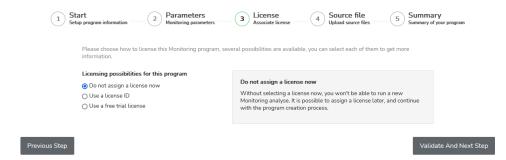
The second step consists of selecting the development environment that was used to develop the controller application.



Select the **PLC brand** and continue with the next step by clicking **Validate And Next Step**.

Step 3 - License

The third step consists of selecting the EcoStruxure Control Engineering license to be used with your new program.



Choose one of the Licensing possibilities for this program:

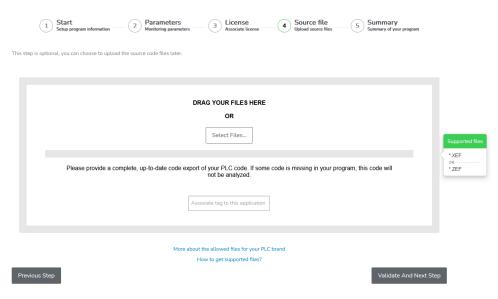
Licensing possibilities	Description
Do not assign a license now	Select this option when you will not run the analysis immediately.
Use a license ID	Select this option when you have a license code. If you have a license, but the license has not yet been assigned to your user account, you can still use it by entering its identifier in the License #id field.
Use a free trial license	Select this option to launch a trial version of the tool. This is not possible if you have already used all trial licenses that have been associated with your user account.
Use a contract license	This option becomes available when you have a contract for EcoStruxure Control Engineering. This allows you to automatically generate a license, as part of your contract, to run the analysis.
Use an account license	This option becomes available when licenses are available in your account. In this case, you can select the license from a dropdown list.

Click Validate And Next Step to continue.

If no license is available, you can still continue creating the program by clicking **Validate And Next Step**. In this case, a license can be added to the program after you have created the program. Without a valid license, the EcoStruxure Control Engineering tool selected for this program cannot be used.

Step 4 - Source file

The fourth step consists of uploading the file with the source code of the controller application that you have exported from the development environment (refer to Manufacturer-Specific File Export Procedures, page 51 for details). This source code is the input material for EcoStruxure Control Engineering. Depending on the EcoStruxure Control Engineering tool used for the program, you may be prompted to upload additional files.



Drag and drop the files to the location indicated or click **Select Files...** to import the files.

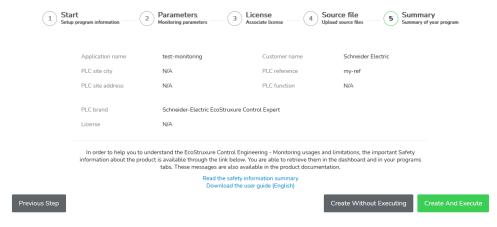
Unwanted files can be removed with the garbage can symbol.

Then click Validate And Next Step to continue.

If the input files are not yet available when you create the program, you can skip the upload with **Validate And Next Step** and provide the files at a later point in time. Without the uploaded input files, the EcoStruxure Control Engineering tool selected for this program cannot be used.

Step 5 - Summary

The fifth step displays a summary of the information you have provided in creating your program.



Review the information. If you want to make modifications, click **Previous Step** to return to the step you want to modify.

If the information is correct, click **Create Without Executing** to create the program or click **Create And Execute** to create the program and to start the EcoStruxure Control Engineering tool selected for this program (this is possible if you have selected a valid license and if you have uploaded the required files).

Overview of the Program

General Information

After you have completed the wizard, the system displays an overview of the program with the following tabs:

- · Overview tab
- Tool-specific tab
- Admin tab

Overview Tab

The **Overview** tab displays program-specific information, such as creation date and controller-related information.

The **Glips version** determines the way the code is interpreted.

The default **Glips version** for each program is either set by the system or, if you are a Contract Member, by your Contract Manager.

You can modify the **Glips version** to be used for your program. This implies that the results that you receive after a modification of the **Glips version** may be different. Verify that the **Glips version** you select meets your requirements and matches the specifics of the input code.

Tool-Specific Tab

The tool-specific tab allows you to access settings and results related to the tool used for the program.

The menu **<tool-specific> > User awareness > Execution messages** allows you to access the list of categorized messages regarding errors detected while using the tool.

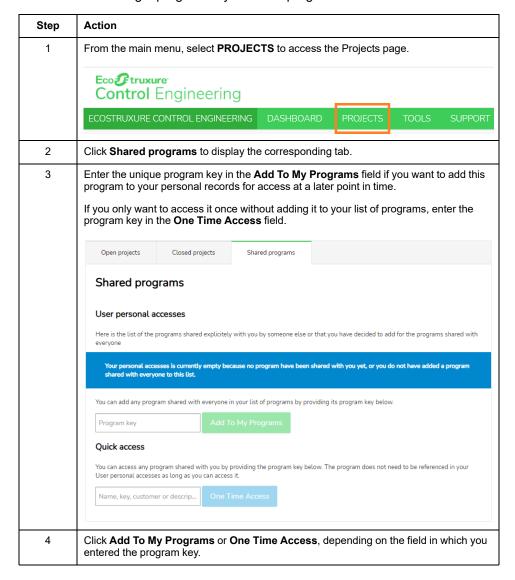
Admin Tab

The **Admin** tab allows you to access settings specific to the program.

Accessing a Shared Program

If a program is shared with you, or if access to the program is not restricted (refer to Sharing a Program, page 29), you can add it to your list of programs by providing its unique program key. The unique program key can be found in the program overview under **Program key**.

Procedure for adding a program to your list of programs:



Sharing Programs with Other Users

Overview

You can share your programs with other users so that a team can work on the same project. As the owner, you can share your program. Selected users with whom you share your program cannot delegate their access rights, that is, they cannot share this shared program with further users.

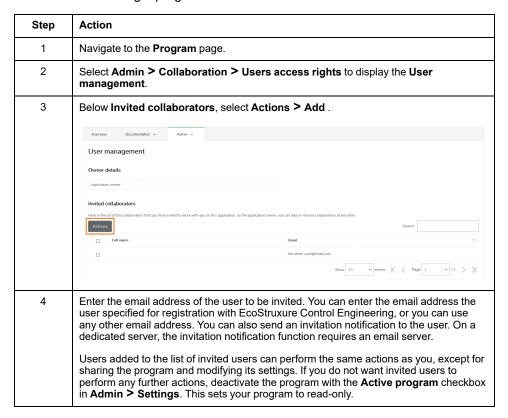
In sharing programs, consider confidentiality rules that may apply.

There are two ways of sharing a program:

- Share with selected users: You choose who can access your program. By default, other users cannot share this program because you are the owner.
- Share with everyone: Everyone can access your program.

Sharing with a Specific User

Procedure for sharing a program with selected users:



NOTE: If your program uses the EcoStruxure Control Engineering - Verification tool, invited users may not be able to update the rules file and may not be able to work with the **Justifications** function. Refer to the EcoStruxure Control Engineering - Verification user guide for details.

You can revoke sharing by selecting the user account(s) you want to remove from your program and selecting **Actions > Remove access**.

Sharing with Everyone

Procedure for sharing a program with everyone:

Step	Action
1	Navigate to the Program page.
2	Select Admin > Settings.
3	Deactivate the checkbox Private program .
	Users accessing your program can perform the same actions as you, except for sharing the program and modifying its settings. If you do not want invited users to perform any further actions, deactivate the program with the Active program checkbox in Admin > Settings . This sets your program to read-only.

NOTE: If your program uses the EcoStruxure Control Engineering - Verification tool, invited users may not be able to update the rules file and may not be able to work with the **Justifications** function. Refer to the EcoStruxure Control Engineering - Verification user guide for details.

You can disable sharing with everybody by activating the checkbox **Private program**. With this setting, only users explicitly invited can access your program.

File Repository of Programs

General

Each program has a file repository. You can directly access the files belonging to a program via the file repository.

File Operations

The **Actions** menu contains the following menu items:

Menu item	Description
Add file	You can add additional files to the repository.
Add file synchronized with contract	You can add links to files contained in the contract repository which are then available in your program repository. Any subsequent modifications to such linked files in the contract repository are reflected in your program repository.
Rename file	You can rename a file in the repository.
Delete	You can delete one or several files from the repository.
Get Checksum	You can display the SHA256 checksum of one or several files in the repository.
	Use the following Windows PowerShell command to compute the checksum of your local file: Get-FileHash <path file="" the="" to=""> -Algorithm SHA256 Format-List</path>
	The result is, for example: Get-FileHash C:\Users\SE\Downloads\rulesset_ documentation.pdf -Algorithm SHA256 Format-List
	Algorithm: SHA256 Hash: A5978FECDBE98C2C9C6479328AB2F717EBC239C9DA59- D55015AD3D5D50C63750 Path: C:\Users\SE\Downloads\rulesset_ documentation.pdf

The **Download Repository (ZIP)** button lets you download the files contained in the repository as a single zip file.

Monitoring a Controller Application

Pre-Deployment Considerations

Overview

EcoStruxure Control Engineering - Monitoring complements the controller commands for diagnostics.

EcoStruxure Control Engineering - Monitoring does not affect the commands of the controller application for your production process, but provides information on the status of such commands to support you in, for example, resolving issues that may cause machine downtime.

Pre-Requisites Regarding the Controller Application

The quality of the analysis of the source code of controller applications largely depends on the quality of such code. Using consistent coding rules and standards enables a better comprehension of what the source code does or is intended to do. Analyzing tools that respect a set of coding rules facilitates and improves the quality of diagnostics. For example, if the names of variables are explicit and have a clear comment, it is much easier to understand the role of the variables.

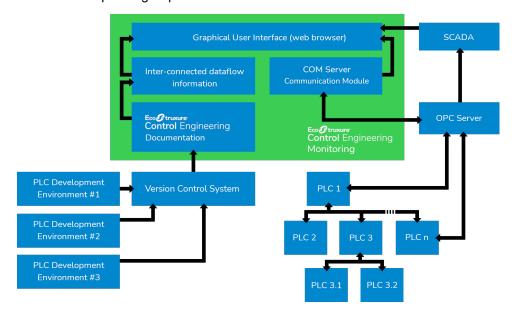
The architecture of a controller application also plays an important role in the analysis of the code. A controller application containing many pointers is more difficult to diagnose than a controller application without pointers.

If you are unsure about the quality or suitability of your controller application for use with EcoStruxure Control Engineering - Monitoring, verify the source code with EcoStruxure Control Engineering - Verification to identify optimization potential before using EcoStruxure Control Engineering - Monitoring.

Architecture

Overview

The following descriptions provide a generic overview of the architecture of an EcoStruxure Control Engineering - Monitoring solution. The actual architecture and configuration depend on your specific hardware and software environment and the corresponding requirements.



Web Platform

The web platform manages the analysis of the controller application in order to generate the data flow information. It is also from the web platform that EcoStruxure Control Engineering - Monitoring can be launched and the results can be visualized.

The web platform is available using a client workstation with a web browser.

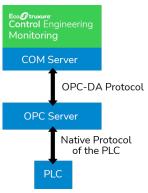
Communication Server (COM Server)

The communication server is a Web Socket server allowing for communication of process data (that is, direct communication with the controller systems or with an OPC server). This component can be installed on a virtual machine (VM) or on a separate server. The data is obtained from the controller system either with the Modbus TCP protocol or with the OPC-DA protocol (using an OPC server). The possible configurations for the installation of these components are described below.

Your IT department needs to open certain ports and provide the appropriate permissions in your network to allow for communication with the controller systems or the OPC server.

Communication using OPC Server

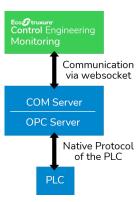
The communication server is installed on the same virtual machine as the web platform and uses an OPC-DA connection to communicate with the OPC server.



In order to provide you with valid data, the communication server requires a valid configuration of the OPC-DA server, especially if the requests use names of variables instead of addresses.

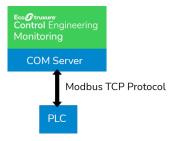
Communication using OPC Server and Communication Server

To account for certain configuration constraints, the communication server can be installed on the same computer as the OPC server you use.



Direct Communication using Modbus TCP

The communication server uses the Modbus TCP protocol for direct communication with the controller system.



Installation and Configuration

Package

EcoStruxure Control Engineering - Monitoring is provided in a virtual machine (VM) that contains the environment required for its operation. It includes the communication server in charge of the communication between EcoStruxure Control Engineering - Monitoring and your controller application (if you enable OPC communication from the virtual machine). The communication server can also be installed on your server (physical machine) that hosts the OPC server (according to your cybersecurity policies).

Installation of the Virtual Machine

EcoStruxure Control Engineering - Monitoring is delivered in the form of a virtual machine that virtualizes a Linux Debian operating system.

This virtual machine can be delivered on different architectures and hypervisors:

- · VMware that can be used on its OS ESX server, or on Windows
- · Hyper-V (Microsoft)
- Oracle VM VirtualBox (Oracle)

Contact your Schneider Electric representative for other hypervisors and architectures.

For more information on cybersecurity guidelines, refer to EcoStruxure Control Engineering *Cybersecurity, Hardening Guide*.

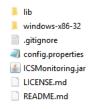
Installation of the Communication Server

The communication server component is installed like a Windows service. The installation procedure is explained below for Microsoft Windows. The following operating systems are supported:

- Microsoft Windows 10
- · Debian Linux 9 and 10

Configuration

The configuration is adapted in the file *config.properties* which is located in the root of the folder containing the service wrapper:



Property	Example	Description
dataProviderType	1 (for Modbus TCP)	Defines the protocol to be used for the installation. OPC DA and Modbus TCP are supported.
dataProviderADDR	127.0.0.1 when it is installed on the same computer as the communication server.	Primarily used for OPC DA communication. This is the IP address of the computer on which the OPC server is installed.
dataProviderPort	103 for OPC Server and 502 for Modbus TCP	The port used by the OPC Server or by Modbus TCP.
dataProviderUser	-	Only for OPC DA. This is the name of the system user who has access to the computer on which the OPC server is installed.
dataProviderPassword	-	Only for OPC DA. This is the password of the system user who has access to the computer on which the OPC server is installed.
dataProviderDomain	WORKGROUP	Only for OPC DA. This is the domain name of the computer on which the OPC server is installed.
dataProviderProgId	-	Only for OPC DA. This is the program ID of the OPC server.
dataProviderClsId	-	Only for OPC DA. This is the CLS ID of the OPC server.
updateRate	5000 ms (default value)	The time interval to refresh the values of variable. With OPC DA communication, the communication server refreshes the values of the variables every five seconds. NOTE: Verify that your infrastructure supports the value specified.

NOTE: Restart the server service after each modification to the configuration (for example, using the Windows services management console).

Installation of the EcoStruxure Control Engineering - Monitoring Service of the Communication Server

The service wrapper can be installed by executing the script for the corresponding Windows version:

- Windows 32 bit: windows-x86-32\installService.bat
- Windows 64 bit: windows-64/installService.bat

After the installation procedure, a command prompt with the installation status message is displayed (successful or not successful). The service is enabled following a successful installation.

```
Installing the service 'ICS Monitoring COM Server' ...
The service 'ICS Monitoring COM Server' was successfully installed Starting enabling the service 'ICS Monitoring COM Server' ...
The service 'ICS Monitoring COM Server' was successfully enabled Press any key to continue . . . _
```

It is possible to verify the status of the service by executing the file **windows-x86-32\ICSMonitoring.exe**. A window is displayed that allows you to stop or launch the service and to view the logs and service properties. It is advisable to keep automatic startup.

NOTE: The storage location of the installation package is used as the installation location, that is, the program is not installed in the *Windows* *Program Files* tree, but in the directory in which the installation package is contained.

Integration With a Supervision System

Supervision software capable of opening a web browser directly within the window or as an external software can integrate EcoStruxure Control Engineering - Monitoring. You can integrate EcoStruxure Control Engineering - Monitoring into your supervision system either by automating the generation of the opening action from a variable or an alarm, or by adding an action button to launch it for the corresponding software (for example, in Visual Studio, the WebBrowser class defined in *System.Windows.Forms* can be used to open a web browser window).

Integration With a Version Control System

EcoStruxure Control Engineering - Monitoring generates a representation of the source code of your controller application and uses the representation as a basis for providing information on your controller application. You must, therefore, ensure that the source code used for your application on the controller is the same as the source code used for EcoStruxure Control Engineering. You can do so by, for example, implementing automated version control routines, or by setting up appropriate organizational measures to meet the corresponding requirements.

AWARNING

INCORRECT OR INCOMPLETE SOURCE CODE ANALYSIS

- In your risk assessment, consider all potential effects of inappropriate, incorrect, or incomplete input files used with EcoStruxure Control Engineering.
- Verify that the source code exported from your software development environment and to be used by EcoStruxure Control Engineering is the identical to the source code used for the application running on your controller.
- Do not rely on the data provided by EcoStruxure Control Engineering -Monitoring as the sole source of information in monitoring, verifying, validating or otherwise assessing the operation of your machine/process.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Integrating EcoStruxure Control Engineering - Monitoring and a version control system facilitates keeping the controller application used for EcoStruxure Control Engineering - Monitoring and the controller application used to run your system synchronized. After each modification to your controller application and the deployment of this controller application in your system, the following steps are required:

Step	Action
1	Exporting the code of the controller application in the corresponding format with the help of the EcoStruxure Control Engineering - Import/Export tool.
2	Launching the EcoStruxure Control Engineering - Monitoring program on the newly uploaded version of the code of the controller application.

These two steps can be executed automatically without user intervention. This is managed by script mechanisms (such as hooks) that are available in version control tools.

NOTE: Verify that EcoStruxure Control Engineering - Monitoring has access to both the archived controller applications and the data from the production systems.

Creating a Representation of an Controller Application

Procedure

No tool can provide analysis procedures for all potential types of code and methods of creating code. For example, a code block in your source code may be semantically invalid, but syntactically correct. The tool may not be able to detect such a condition.

Software development environments may provide code protection features intended to, for example, block access to intellectual property. Unlock such protected code blocks in your software development environment before creating export files to be used with EcoStruxure Control Engineering.

AWARNING

INCORRECT OR INCOMPLETE SOURCE CODE ANALYSIS

- In your risk assessment, consider all potential effects of inappropriate, incorrect, or incomplete input files used with EcoStruxure Control Engineering.
- Verify that the source code exported from your software development environment and to be used by EcoStruxure Control Engineering is complete and up to date.
- After modifications of any type whatsoever to the source code of your application resulting from your use of EcoStruxure Control Engineering, verify the correctness of the modified source code.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Step	Action
1	Select Documentation Monitoring > Launch Monitoring on the Program page.
	Launch Verification Documentation Monitoring Select Conversion
	Launch Documentation Launch Monitoring
2	Upload the source files of the controller application exported from your software development environment as described in Program Creation Wizard, page 24.
3	Specify the files to be analyzed. If you do not want to generate the representation for each file, you can remove unwanted files by unselecting them in the list.
4	Start the representation process by clicking Launch . NOTE: The time required to generate your representation depends on the size and complexity of the source code of the controller application. Progress information is displayed on the Program page.

The Data Flow View

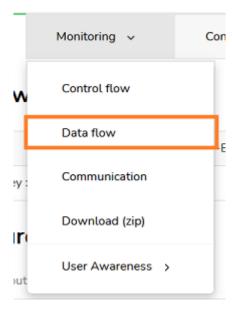
General

The **Data Flow** view displays the relationships between variables of a controller application from input to output, or vice versa.

This view displays how the values of the variables of the controller application are read or written.

Displaying the Data Flow View





NOTE: If you have downloaded a copy of the online results and want to work with the downloaded copy, open the **index.html** file and click the **Display Data Flow** button. Refer to Downloading an Offline Version of the Representation, page 50.

Overview of the Data Flow View

The **Data Flow** view consists of four parts:

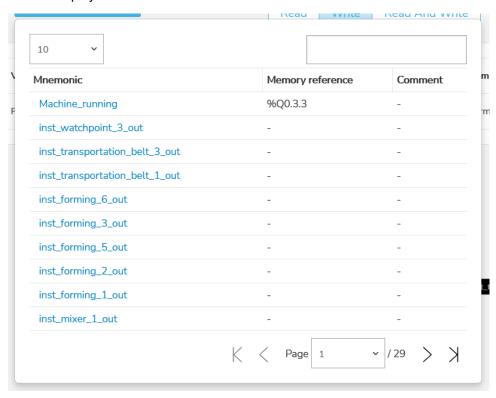


- List of variables to explore and settings for variables (top left, green frame)
- Dependency tree (bottom left, purple frame)

- Language settings (top right, blue frame)
- Cross-references snippets (bottom right, yellow frame)

List of Variables

The list of variables to explore lets you select a variable whose dependencies you want to display. Click **List Of Variables** to select a variable.



Functions for finding a variable:

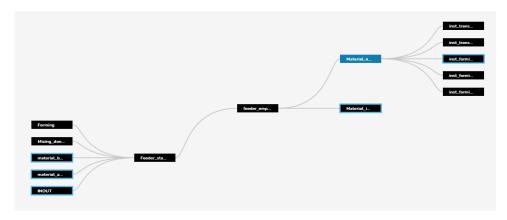
- You can scroll through the list using the page buttons at the bottom of the view. You can specify the number of variables to be displayed on a single page using the dropdown list at the top left part of the table.
- You can filter the variables using the search field at the top right part of the list. You can search by full or partial name, address and comment of a variable.

Click the name of a variable to display it in the dependency tree and in the cross-references snippets parts of the page.

The **Data flow direction** lets you specify the way the dependencies are listed and displayed. **Write** displays only the dependencies that write the value of the variable. **Read** displays only the variables that are used to write to other variables that are using the selected variable. **Read and write** displays both. This selection also affects the way the dependency tree is displayed.

Dependency Tree

The dependency tree is a graphical representation of the dependencies between the variables. If a variable is used to compute or to determine another value, this variable is displayed with a link to that other variable.



In the example above, the following is true of the selected (blue) variable (**Data flow direction** is set to **Read and write**):

- The variable needs the values of the two linked variables displayed to its left in order to calculate its own value.
- The variable is used to calculate the values of the linked variables displayed to its right.

You can explore the relationships between variables by clicking their names.

This view is helpful to locate the variables affected if code is modified in the controller application, or to determine an unwanted value of a variable in the running controller application.

Language Settings

The language settings let you select **Ladder** or **Literal** as the language for the cross-references snippets.

Depending on the different types of variables, a representation of the code in Ladder may not be available. In such a case, the cross references snippets are displayed in Literal.

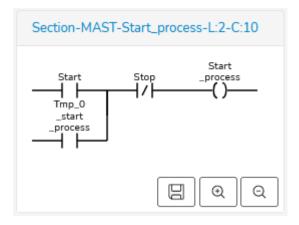
Creating a flow chart from an controller application is a complex operation. Depending on the complexity of the code and the different types of objects, EcoStruxure Control Engineering - Monitoring may not be able to generate a precise flow if a variable is indexed and/or if its address is accessed indirectly using a variable in the controller application.

Cross-References Snippets

The cross-references snippets part of the page displays how the variables are used in the calculations of one another.

It consists of a code extract (displayed in Ladder or Literal language) that highlights the relations. The code extract is not displayed in the same way it is written in the original code in order to provide a synthetic view. Its logic still remains the same as in the original code. The logic can be retrieved using the location displayed above each snippet.

For instance, if you access a variable inside several nested conditional instructions, the snippet compresses these instructions into a single one.



The cross-references snippets view is updated each time you select a variable either in the list of variables or in the dependency tree.

Live Visualization

EcoStruxure Control Engineering - Monitoring provides a live visualization of the values of the variables of the running controller application. The transmission latency between the running controller application and the visualization in EcoStruxure Control Engineering - Monitoring depends on, among other things, the communication infrastructure, the server settings (refer to *updateRate* in Configuration), and the controller application itself.

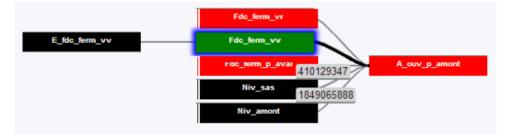
To start the live visualization, click **Start** under **Monitoring**.



NOTE: The **Test Connection** button allows you to test the connection, for example, in order to test whether the view is frozen or the communication server is running.

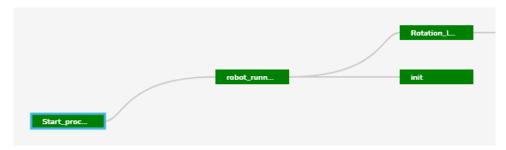
The states of a variable are displayed depending on the type and the value:

- Boolean value: If the value is TRUE, the node is green. If the value is FALSE, the node is red.
- Non-boolean value: The value is displayed in a label associated with the node.
- Indeterminable: The "?" symbol is displayed next to the node if the value cannot be retrieved because it does not have an address or is not accessible.

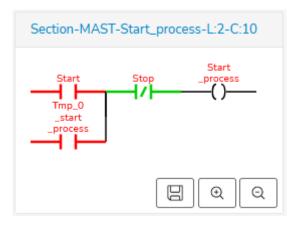


In the following example, the value of the variable *robot_running* depends on the value of the variable *Start_process* and determines the values of the variables *Rotation_left* and *init*.

Representation in the dependency view:



Representation in Ladder language:



Representation in Literal language:

The Control Flow View

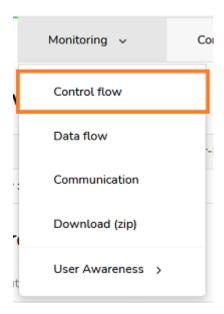
General

The **Control Flow** view displays the order in which the function calls or procedure calls are executed or evaluated.

This view displays the way the logic of the controller application is called.

Displaying the Control Flow View

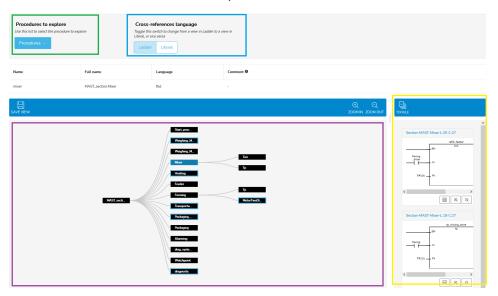




NOTE: If you have downloaded a copy of the online results and want to work with the downloaded copy, open the **index.html** file and click the **Display Control Flow** button. Refer to Downloading an Offline Version of the Representation, page 50.

Overview of the Control Flow View

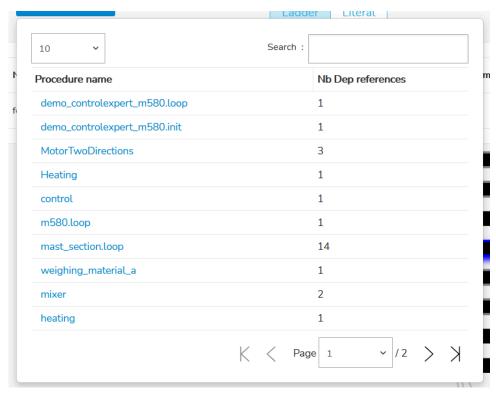
The Control flow view consists of four parts:



- List of procedures to explore (top left, green frame)
- Dependency tree (bottom left, purple frame)
- Language settings (top right, blue frame)
- · Cross-references snippets (bottom right, yellow frame)

List of Procedures

The list of procedures lets you select a procedure whose call tree you want to display. Click **List Of Procedures** to select a function, function block or task (which are generally referred to as called "procedure" in the EcoStruxure Control Engineering tools).



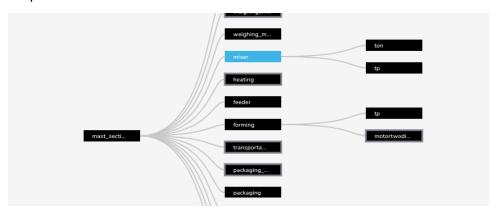
Functions for finding a procedure:

- You can scroll through the list using the page buttons at the bottom of the view. You can specify the number of procedures to be displayed on a single page using the dropdown list at the top left part of the table.
- You can filter the procedures using the search field at the top right part of the list. You can search by full or partial name of the procedure.

Click the name of a procedure to display it in the dependency tree and in the cross-references snippets parts of the page.

Dependency Tree

The dependency tree is a graphical representation of the dependencies between the procedures.



The selected procedure is highlighted in blue. Each linked procedure displayed to its left is a procedure that calls it. Each linked procedure displayed to its right is a procedure that is called by it.

You can explore the relationships between procedures by clicking their names.

This view is helpful to determine how the procedures call each other.

Language Settings

The language settings let you select **Ladder** or **Literal** as the language for the cross-references snippets.

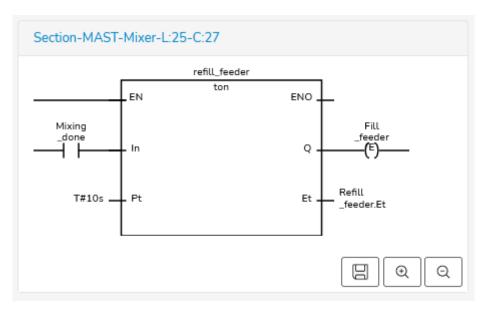
Depending on the different types of procedures, a representation of the code in Ladder may not be available. In such a case, the cross-references snippets are displayed in Literal.

Cross-References Snippets

The cross-references snippets part of the page displays how the different procedures call each other.

It consists of a code extract (displayed in Ladder or Literal language) that highlights the relations. The code extract is not displayed in the same way it is written in the original code in order to provide a synthetic view. Its logic still remains the same as in the original code. The logic can be retrieved using the location displayed above each snippet.

For instance, if you call a procedure inside several nested conditional instructions, the snippet compresses these instructions into a single one.



The cross-references snippets view is updated each time you select a procedure either in the list of procedures or in the dependency tree.

Integration with SCADA

EcoStruxure Control Engineering - Monitoring provides a view that supplies only the information relevant to a given variable. This view can be called from another tool or displayed in a pop-up, since it is accessible via a URL. This URL comes in the following format:

http://<@IP>/programs/view/<ABCDEF>/?entityname= <entityname>&startmonitor=true

or

http://<@IP>/programs/view/<ABCDEF>/?entityaddress=% <entityaddress>&startmonitor=true

The parameters found in the URL are:

- <@IP> IP address of the server hosting EcoStruxure Control Engineering -Monitoring tool
- <ABCDEF> is a program key that refers one program inside EcoStruxure Control Engineering
- <entityname> or <entityaddress> corresponds to the name of the variable or its address.
- startmonitor=true enables the automatic launch of the diagnostics and realtime communication with the target (for example, the control system, the OPC Server, etc.).

This view provides either the list of input variables that influence the output variable passed as the parameter, or the list of output variables that may be impacted by the input variable passed as the parameter.

Downloading an Offline Version of the Representation

You can download a copy of the EcoStruxure Control Engineering - Monitoring online results from the server to your local PC.

Download procedure:

Step	Action
1	Navigate to the Program page.
2	Select Monitoring > Download (zip).
	Result: A ZIP file with the representation in HTML format is downloaded to your PC.
3	Extract the contents of the downloaded ZIP file and open the file index.html if you want to work with the downloaded representation.
	NOTE: Security policies in your organization may keep your browser from displaying certain or all HTML content stored on your PC. In such cases, contact your administrator to resolve this condition.

Manufacturer-Specific File Export Procedures

EcoStruxure Control Engineering tools use the source code files of controller applications as input files. These files are exported from the corresponding software development environments. The following sections provide information on generating these export files in various software development environments.

EcoStruxure Control Expert (.XEF / .ZEF / .XVM File Export)

Export the EcoStruxure Control Expert (formerly Unity Pro) controller application to an XEF, ZEF or XVM export file in order to process them with EcoStruxure Control Engineering tools.

To export the file, you can use the EcoStruxure Control Engineering Import/Export tool. In the menu, select **SUPPORT > DOWNLOADS**.

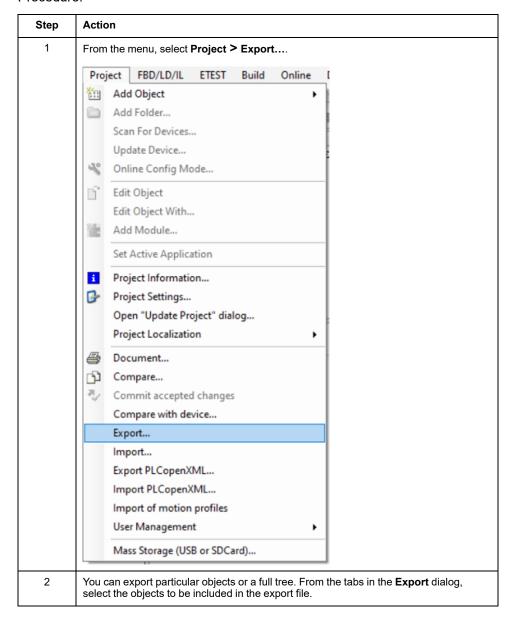
It is also possible to export the files using the EcoStruxure Control Expert menu:

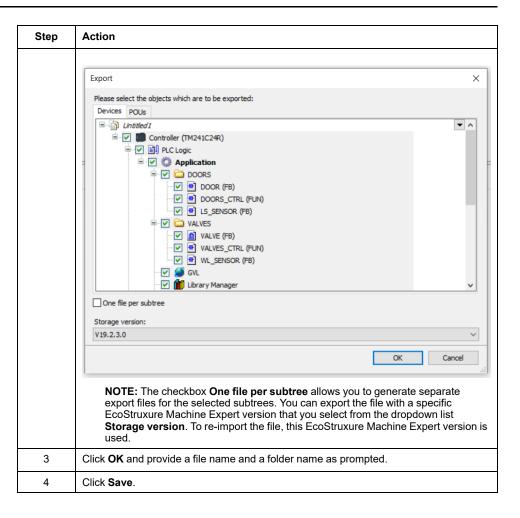
Step	Action
1	From the menu, select File > Export application
2	In the Export application dialog box, provide a name for the XEF, ZEF or XVM file.
3	If required, modify the storage location for the XEF, ZEF or XVM file.
4	Click Save.

EcoStruxure Machine Expert (.EXPORT File Export)

Export the EcoStruxure Machine Expert controller application to an XML export file (with the extension .export) in order to be processed with EcoStruxure Control Engineering tools.

Procedure:





PL7 Pro (.FEF File Export)

Export the PL7 Pro controller application to an FEF export file in order to be processed with EcoStruxure Control Engineering tools.

Prerequisites:

Step	Action
1	Open the PL7 Pro configuration file PI7sys.ini using a text editor. The file is located in the Windows folder (for example, C:\Windows or C:\Winnt).
2	Search for the section [PL7TOOL132].
3	Verify that the entry ExportPI7Converter=True exists.
	If the entry does not exist, add the entry in the section [PL7TOOL132].
4	Save the file.
	The modification is taken into account with the next start of PL7 Pro. NOTE: This feature is only available with version 4.5 or later of PL7 Pro.

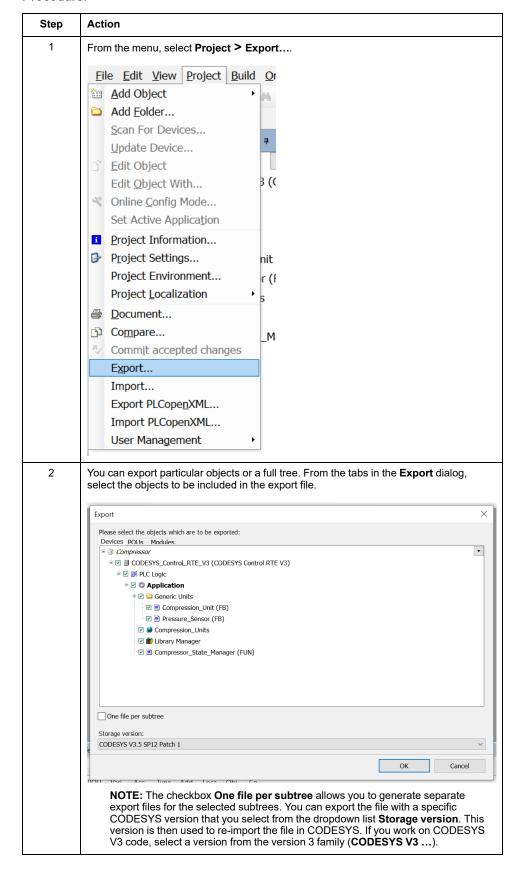
Procedure:

Step	Action
1	From the menu, select File > Export application
2	In the Export application dialog box, provide a name for the FEF file.
3	If required, modify the storage location for the FEF file.
4	Click Save.

3S CODESYS V3 (.EXPORT File Export)

Export the CODESYS V3 controller application to an XML export file (with the extension .export) in order to be processed with EcoStruxure Control Engineering tools.

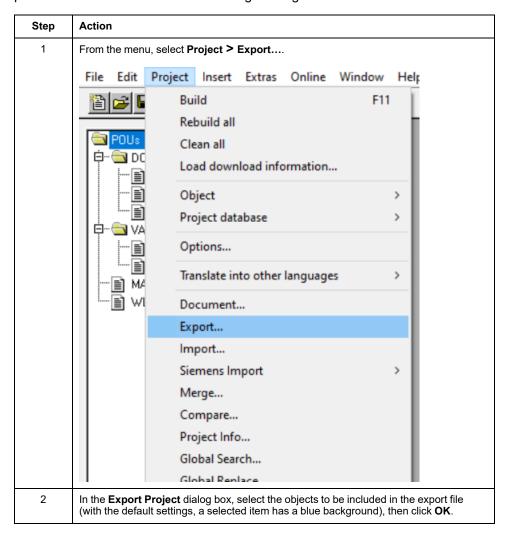
Procedure:

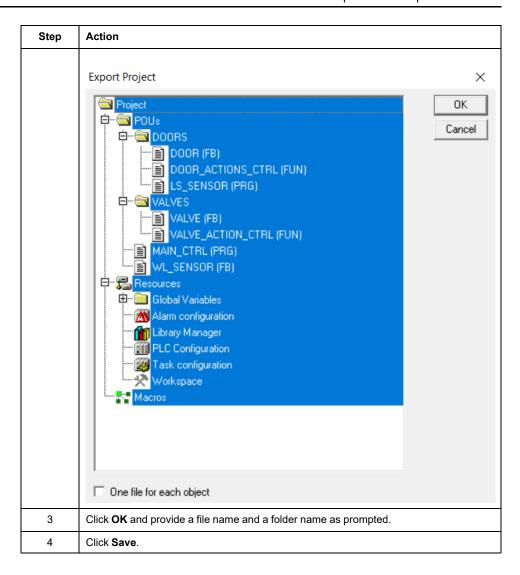


	Step	Action
Ī	3	Click OK .
Ī	4	Provide a file name and a folder name as prompted and click Save .

3S CODESYS V2 (.EXP File Export)

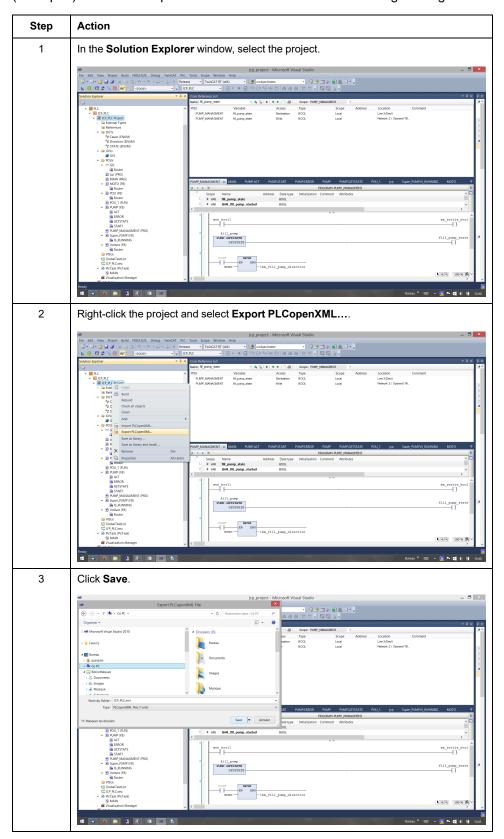
Export the CODESYS V2 controller application to an EXP export file in order to be processed with EcoStruxure Control Engineering tools.





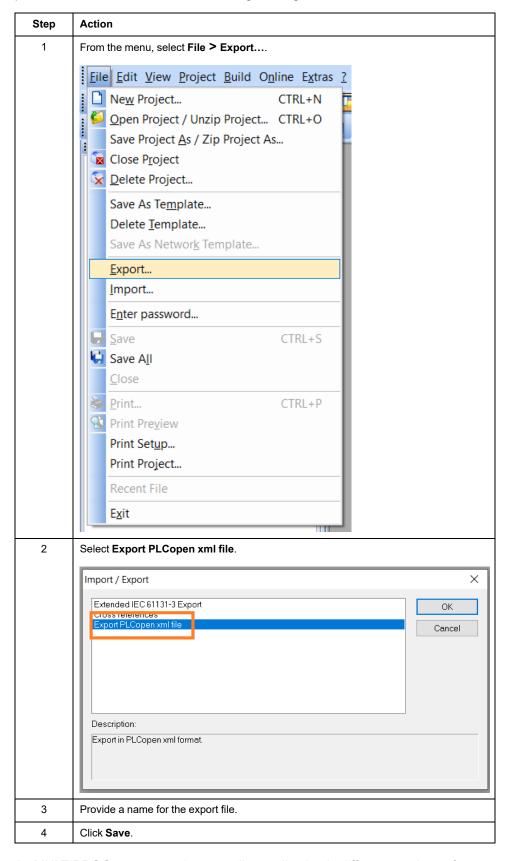
BECKHOFF TwinCAT V3 (.XML File Export)

Export the Beckhoff TwinCAT controller application to an XML export file (PLCopen) in order to be processed with EcoStruxure Control Engineering tools.



PHOENIX CONTACT Multiprog v5.5 (.XML File Export)

Export the MULTIPROG controller application to an XML export file in order to be processed with EcoStruxure Control Engineering tools.



As MULTIPROG can export the controller application in different versions of PLCopen, there may be differences in the way your EcoStruxure Control Engineering tool processes the export file, depending on the PLCopen version.

Rockwell Automation® RSLogix 5000® or Studio 5000 (. L5K File Export)

Export the Rockwell Automation® RSLogix 5000® controller application to a L5K export file in order to be processed with EcoStruxure Control Engineering tools.

Step	Action
1	From the menu, select File > Save as
2	In the Save as dialog box, provide a name for the L5K file.
3	If required, modify the storage location.
4	Select the file type: RSLogix 5000 Import/Export File (*.L5K).
5	Click Save.

Siemens SIMATIC STEP 7 (.ASC, .AWL, .GR7 and .SCL File Export)

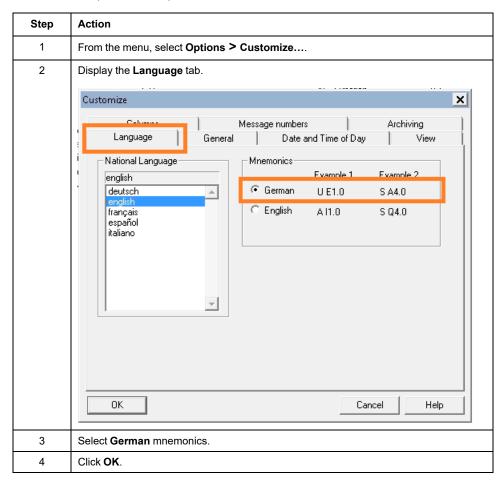
Overview

The following steps are required to process a Siemens SIMATIC STEP 7 controller application with EcoStruxure Control Engineering tools:

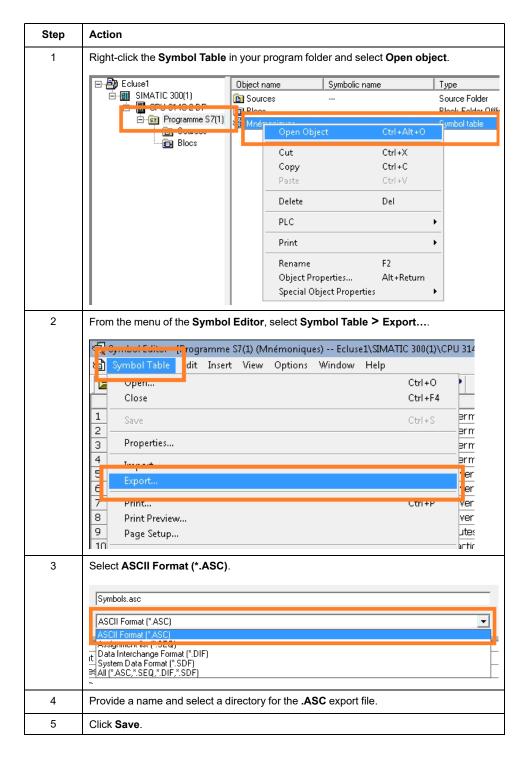
- Set your SIMATIC STEP 7 workshop to German abbreviations (mnemonics).
- Create and export the symbols of the controller application to an **.ASC** file.
- Create and export the contact code (CONT) to an .AWL file.
- Create and export the graph blocks (GRAPH) to .GR7 files.
- Compile the CFC code (if any) to create the corresponding **SCL** sources.
- Export structural codes (SCL) to .SCL files.

Setting German Mnemonics

Before creating the export files, set your SIMATIC STEP 7 workshop to German abbreviations (mnemonics):

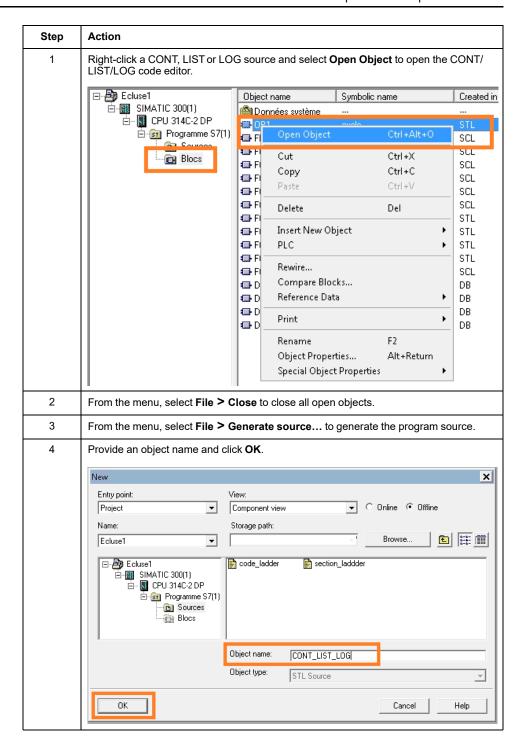


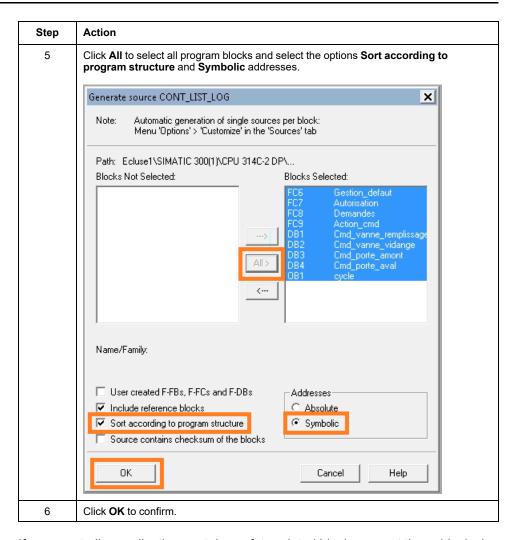
Creating an ASC File



Creating an AWL File

To create an **.AWL** file, first generate the LIST source for the code blocks developed in the languages CONT, LIST and LOG.

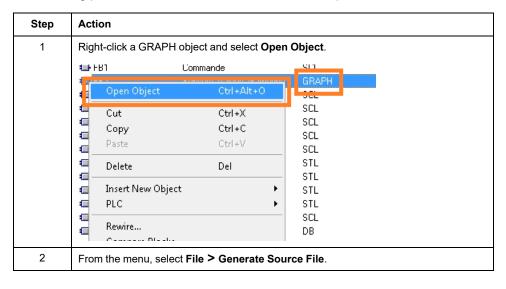


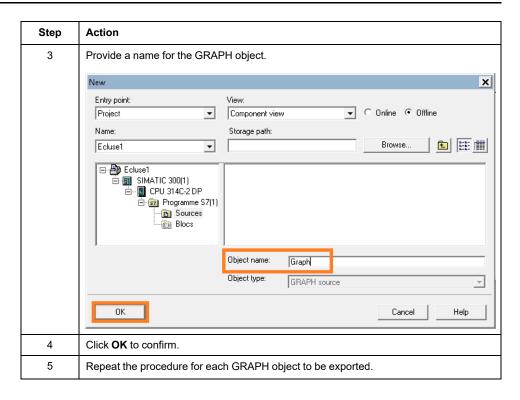


If your controller application contains safety-related blocks, export those blocks in a separate **AWL** file. Refer to Safety-Related Applications, page 67 for details.

Creating GR7 Files

The **.GR7** sources must be created for each GRAPH blocks separately. Repeat the following procedure for each GRAPH block to be exported.





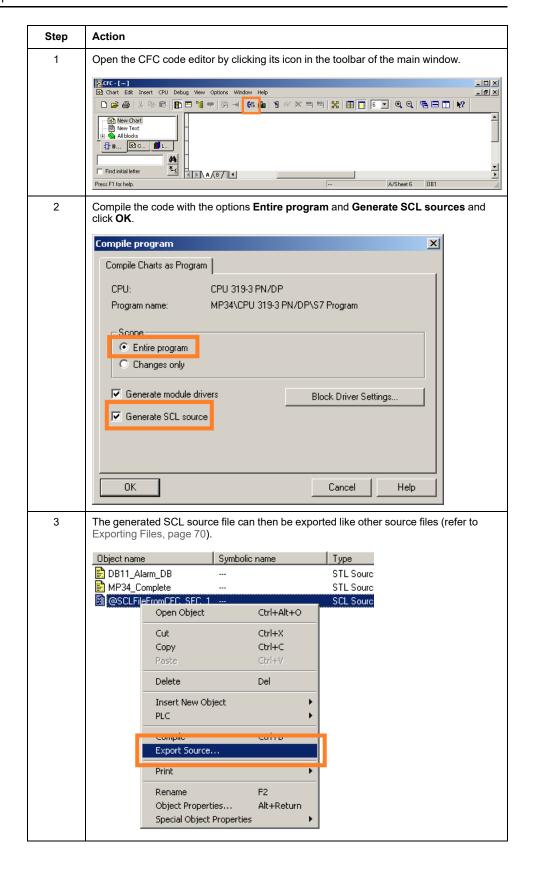
Creating a CFG File

The CFG file is required for analyzing the communication and the hardware configuration of the station.

Step	Action
1	Double-click your controller links in the main window to open NetPro.
2	In the NetPro window, double-click the controller of the station to be exported open the HW Config utility.
3	From the Station menu, select Export to export your station configuration (leave the default settings in the dialog box).

Creating a SCL File for CFC Codes

If the controller application contains CFC code, compile the code to generate the corresponding SCL source file which is the file to be processed with EcoStruxure Control Engineering tools.

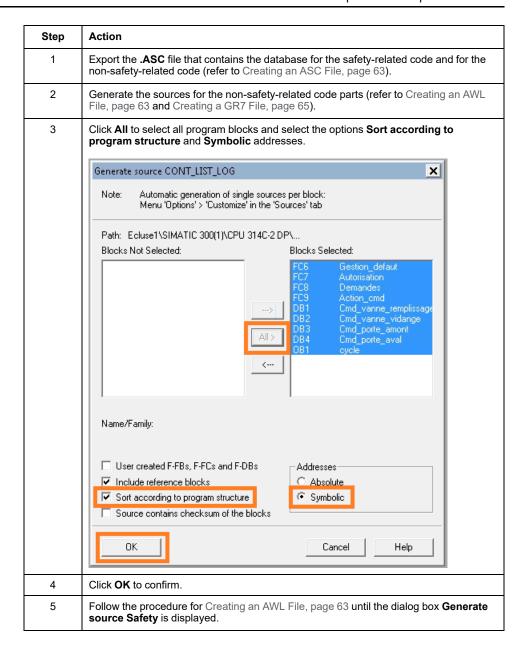


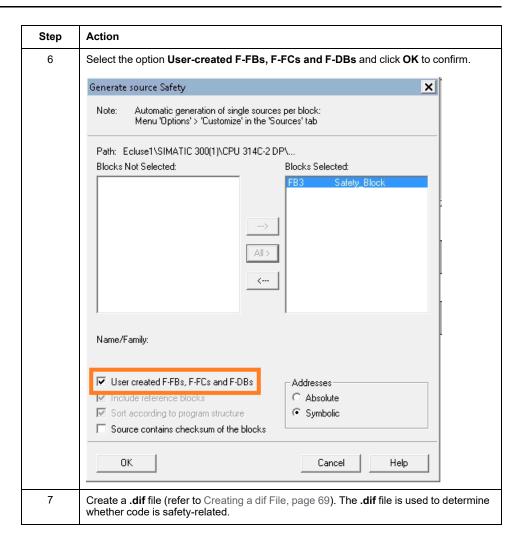
Safety-Related Applications

A safety-related controller application contains two code parts:

- The non-safety-related code part
- The safety-related code part

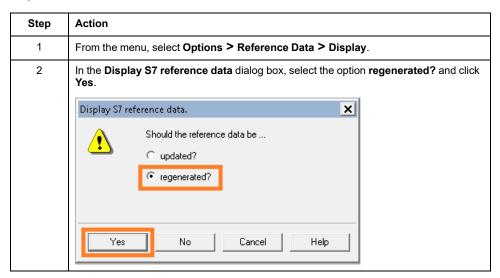
Procedure for exporting controller applications that contain safety-related code:

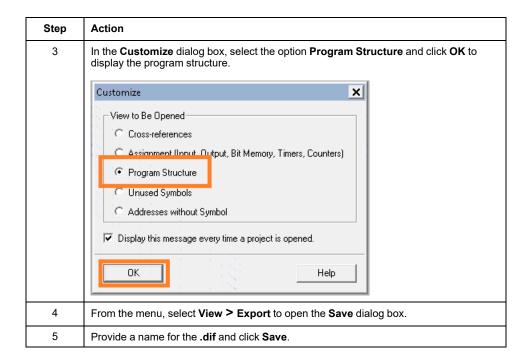




Creating a dif File

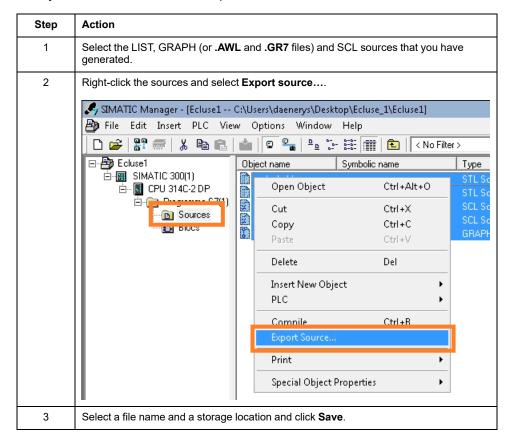
A .dif file is created in the SIMATIC Manager of SIMATIC STEP 7 in the following way:





Exporting Files

After you have created the files, export them from SIMATIC STEP 7:



Siemens TIA Portal SIMATIC STEP 7 (.ZIP File Export)

Export the Siemens TIA Portal SIMATIC STEP 7 controller application to a ZIP export file in order to be processed with EcoStruxure Control Engineering tools.

The export can be performed automatically with the EcoStruxure Control Engineering - Import/Export tool. Select **SUPPORT > DOWNLOADS**.

Refer to the EcoStruxure Control Engineering - Import/Export user guide for details on the export procedure.

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As standards, specifications, and design change from time to time, please ask for confirmation of the information given in this publication.

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