



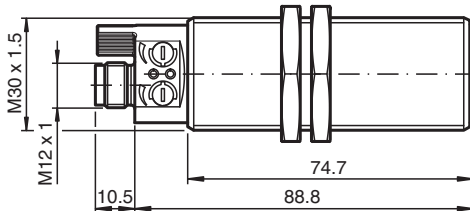
Ultrasonic sensor UC500-30GM70-2E2R2-V15

- 2 switch outputs
- Synchronization options
- Temperature compensation
- Can be parameterized via the ULTRA-PROG-IR software and interface (accessories)

Ultrasonic direct detection sensor



Dimensions



Technical Data

General specifications			
Sensing range			45 ... 500 mm
Adjustment range			50 ... 500 mm
Dead band			0 ... 45 mm
Standard target plate			100 mm x 100 mm
Transducer frequency			approx. 300 kHz
Response delay			≤ 60 ms
Nominal ratings			
Temperature drift			≤ ± 1.5 % of full-scale value
Time delay before availability	t_v		≤ 85 ms
Limit data			
Permissible cable length			max. 300 m
Indicators/operating means			
LED yellow			solid Switching state switch output 1
LED green/yellow			yellow: switching state switch output 2 green: Teach-In
Potentiometer			Switching output 1 and Switching output 2 adjustable
Electrical specifications			
Rated operating voltage	U_e		24 V DC
Operating voltage	U_B		12 ... 30 V DC (including ripple)
Ripple			≤ 10 %
No-load supply current	I_0		≤ 50 mA
Interface			
Interface type			Infrared
Mode			point-to-point connection

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Refer to "General Notes Relating to Pepperl+Fuchs Product Information".

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Technical Data

Input/Output

Input/output type	1 synchronization connection, bidirectional (Factory setting: synchronized mode) / Teach-In input	
0 Level		$\leq 3 \text{ V}$
1 Level		$\geq 15 \text{ V}$
Input impedance		typ. 900Ω
Number of sensors		max. 10

Switching output

Output type	2 switch outputs PNP, NO (NC contact programmable)	
Default setting		50 ... 500 mm (adjustable via potentiometer)
Repeat accuracy	R	$\pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Operating current	I_L	per 150 mA , short-circuit/overload protected
Switching frequency		$\leq 5 \text{ Hz}$
Switching hysteresis		5 mm (programmable)
Voltage drop		$\leq 3 \text{ V}$
Off-state current		$\leq 10 \mu\text{A}$

Compliance with standards and directives

Standard conformity		
Standards	EN IEC 60947-5-2:2020 IEC 60947-5-2:2019	

Approvals and certificates

UL approval	cULus Listed, Class 2 Power Source	
CCC approval	CCC approval / marking not required for products rated $\leq 36 \text{ V}$	

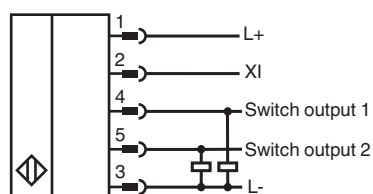
Ambient conditions

Ambient temperature		$-25 \dots 70 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($-13 \dots 158 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{F}$)
Storage temperature		$-40 \dots 85 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($-40 \dots 185 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{F}$)
Shock resistance		30 g , 11 ms period
Vibration resistance		10 ... 55 Hz , Amplitude $\pm 1 \text{ mm}$

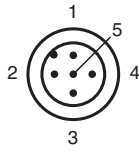
Mechanical specifications

Connection type	Connector plug M12 x 1 , 5-pin	
Degree of protection		IP65
Material		
Housing		brass, nickel-plated
Transducer		epoxy resin/hollow glass sphere mixture; polyurethane foam
Installation position		any position
Mass		140 g
Dimensions		
Length		99.3 mm
Diameter		30 mm
Construction type	Cylindrical	

Connection



Connection Assignment

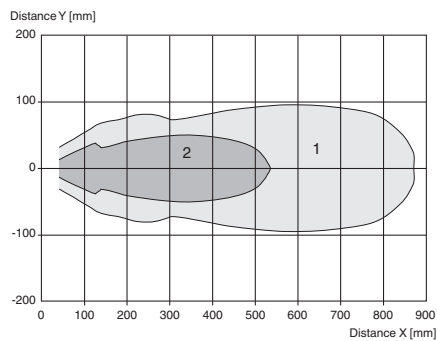


Wire colors in accordance with EN 60947-5-2

1	BN	(brown)
2	WH	(white)
3	BU	(blue)
4	BK	(black)
5	GY	(gray)

Characteristic Curve

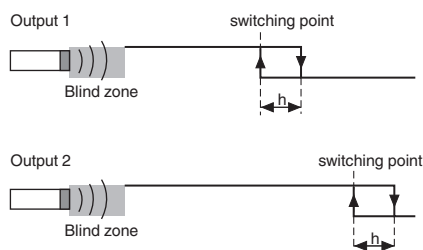
Characteristic response curve



Curve 1: flat surface 100 mm x 100 mm
Curve 2: round bar, Ø 25 mm

Switching outputs operating mode

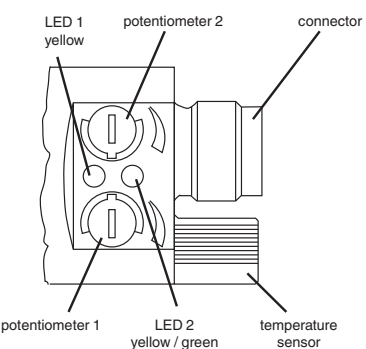
Switching output mode



Indication

Displays and Controls

The sensor has two potentiometers and two display LEDs.

LED 1 (yellow)	On/off: Switching state of switching output 1 Flashing: Error when setting the switching points (switching point 2 < switching point 1). This state only occurs in window function operating mode (2 switching points).	
LED 2 (yellow)	On/off: Switching state of switching output 2 Flashing: Error when setting the switching points (switching point 2 < switching point 1). This state only occurs in window function operating mode (2 switching points).	
LED 2 (green)	approx. 500 ms on: Range limit taught in Off: Normal mode	
Potentiometer 1	Setting a switching point (Default setting: Setting the switching point of switching output 1)	
Potentiometer 2	Setting a switching point (Default setting: Setting the switching point of switching output 2)	

Function

Setting the Sensor Using the Potentiometers

The sensor is equipped with two potentiometers. These potentiometers are assigned to the two switching outputs by default. The switching outputs operate in switching point mode by default. Potentiometer P1 is used to set the switching point on switching output 1. Potentiometer P2 is used to set the switching point on switching output 2.

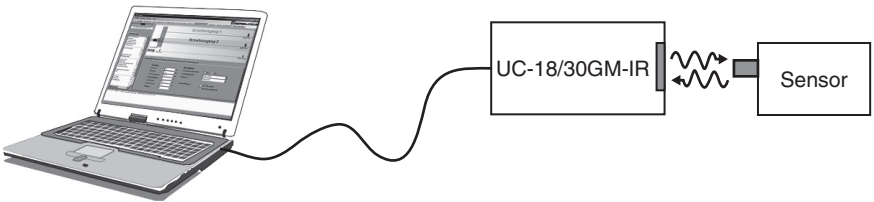
Note:

The function of the potentiometer can be altered using the ULTRA-PROG-IR software. As soon as a configuration has been changed, the potentiometer function selected using ULTRA-PROG-IR is activated.

Parameterization

Parameterization via ULTRA-PROG-IR

In order to be able to set the sensor parameters and adjust the sensor to the respective application, the sensor is able to communicate with a PC via the integrated infrared interface. The UC-18/30GM-IR interface cable is required to allow communication via this method. This cable is connected to an unused USB port on the PC.



The ULTRA-PROG-IR parameterization software is also required for setting the sensor parameters. The ULTRA-PROG-IR software can be downloaded for free from the www.pepperl-fuchs.com website. The software allows all open parameters to be set, including:

- All trip points and switching hystereses
 - Output modes and behaviors
 - Delay times
 - Settings and setting ranges of the potentiometer
 - Settings for teach-in and synchronization
 - Definition of blind zones
 - Sensor modes and measurement methods
 - Filtering measurement values
- The following service functions are also available:
- Observing and recording measurement values
 - Diagnosing interference reflections

Teach-in

The sensor is equipped with a function input (XI). In order to teach in a limit value, this sensor must be parameterized as the Teach-in input using the ULTRA-PROG-IR parameterization software. This parameterization software allows you to specify what limit value is taught in.

Note:

The Teach-in function is not activated when the sensor is delivered.

Description of the Teach-in process:

1. Position an object at the required distance.
2. Connect the Teach-in input to L-.
The green LED lights up briefly after approx. 3 seconds. This indicates that the required distance has been successfully saved.
3. Disconnect the Teach-in input from L-.

Note:

If the Teach-in input remains connected to L-, the Teach-in process is repeated every 3 seconds.

Commissioning

Synchronization

The sensor features a function input (XI). Using the ULTRA-PROG-IR parameterization software, this function input can be configured as a synchronization input to suppress mutual interference from external ultrasonic signals. This is illustrated in the following description.

If the synchronization input is not connected, the sensor operates with internally generated cycle pulses.

External synchronization

The sensor can be synchronized by applying external rectangular pulses. The pulse duration must be $\geq 100 \mu\text{s}$. Each rising pulse edge sends an individual ultrasonic pulse. If the signal at the synchronization input is high, the sensor reverts to the normal, unsynchronized operating mode.

If a low signal is applied to the synchronization input, the sensor switches to standby. In this operating mode, the last recorded output statuses are retained.

Internal synchronization

Common mode operation

Up to ten sensors can be synchronized with each other. To do this, the synchronization inputs of the individual sensors are connected to each other. When configured in this state, all of the sensors send the ultrasonic signals together at the same time. The cycle rate corresponds to the cycle rate of the sensor with the lowest rate.

Multiplex mode

Up to ten sensors can work in multiplex mode; i.e. the sensors send their ultrasonic signals in succession. This prevents the sensor signals interfering with each other. In multiplex mode, the synchronization inputs of all sensors are connected to each other. An address must also be assigned to each sensor using the ULTRA-PROG-IR parameterization software, and the number of sensors to be synchronized must be determined. To start multiplex mode, all sensors are commissioned together by switching on the power supply.