HRI-R40

MEDICAL INSULATION MONITORING DEVICE



General Characteristics





FUNCTIONING PRINCIPLE

Insulation resistance is measured by applying a direct current signal between insulated line and earth and determining the dispersion current generated. Effective measurement is granted thanks to a digital filter integrated in the device even if interferences and harmonic components occur.



PROGRAMMING

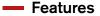
Through its LCD display and four selection keys, the device offers easy programming possibilities by setting intervention thresholds without making any mistakes.



COMPLETE MONITORING OF ALL ELECTRICAL PARAMETERS

HRI-R40 tests the thermal and electrical overload of the medical insulation transformer, managing two temperature thresholds coming from both PT100 and PTC probes. By controlling temperature, the overload of the transformer can be monitored and the automatic circuit-breaker downstream of the secondary can be avoided.

All faulty conditions are remotely controlled thanks to PR-5 remote signalling panels, granting a proper prompt technical supervision.







SELF-TESTING SYSTEM

Error-Link Fail system checks device proper functioning and controls wiring presence and properness at the end of the terminal blocks: it prevents the possibility to operate in group 2 medical locations when the insulation monitoring device is disconnected.



FOR HIGHER SAFETY

Thanks to a codified signal, the **HRI-R40** IT networks insulation monitoring device grants absolute reliability of measurement in any operational condition, even if high network interferences occur. Furthermore it is fitted with a RS485 serial port through which it can be perfectly integrated with communication systems such as PLC/PC by using ModbusRTU protocol. The measurement of network maximum and minimum values enables a wider monitoring and an easier plant checking in case of any fault. Finally, the programmable output relay allows to manage any warning condition signalled in a dedicated way.

HRI-R40 measures the insulation to earth in IT-M network and the thermal and electrical overload of the insulation transformer, in accordance with the international standards: EN 61557-8, IEC EN 64-8/7-710 and UNE 20615.

ORDER CODE	VERSION	Vaux	DESCRIPTION	CONTROLLED Network Voltage	MODULES
HRI-R40	TRIP threshold setting, 2 temperature sensors, digit display, output relay	110-230 VAC	-	24-230 VAC	6
HRI-R40-485	TRIP threshold setting, 2 temperature sensors, digit display, output relay, RS485 serial interface	110-230 VAC	-	24-230 VAC	6
HRI-R40W-485	TRIP threshold setting, 2 temperature sensors, digit display, output relay, RS485 serial interface	110-230 VAC	(*)	24-230 VAC	6

^(*) Use a direct-current component control signal in order to reduce the problems generated by the presence of direct current components in the line.

The device is fitted with a digital filter capable to identify the direct current component present in the line.

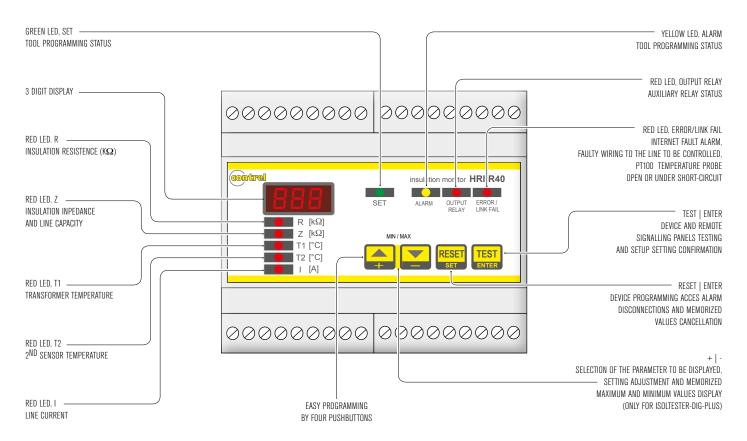




MEDICAL INSULATION MONITORING DEVICE



Frontal operators functioing

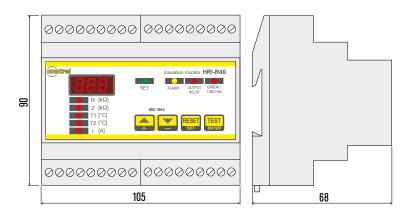


Wherever it is necessary to guarantee safety and operational continuity and prevent power supply interruptions, such as hospitals and other medical locations, insulation transformers and devices detecting and signalling any first fault to earth have to be used. Risks arising from the use of a traditional insulation monitor:

- IMPOSSIBILITY TO DISTINGUISH BETWEEN INTERFERENCE AND REAL FAULT
- CARELESSNESS OF THE MEDICAL STAFF
- Unjustified intervention of specialized technical staff

HRI-R40 is the device for insulation monitoring in IT-M networks. It ensures absolute reliability of measurement by means of a codified signal able to detect interferences generated by common equipment in operating theatres and avoid unwanted alarms signalling.

Mechanical dimensions (mm)







MEDICAL INSULATION MONITORING DEVICE



Technical characteristics

Supply voltage	110 - 230 V/50-60 Hz	
Network voltage to be controlled	24 ÷ 230 VAC	
Maximum voltage measurement	24 V	
Maximum current measurement	1 mA	
Insulation voltage	2,5 kV/60 seconds	
Control signal type	Continuous component with digital filter	
	Insulation measurement range 0÷999 k Ω /HIGH – resolution 1 k Ω	
Measures	Temperature measurement by Rd PT100 or 2/3-wire thermal-probe – 0÷250°C, accuracy 2%	
	Impedance measurement 0÷999 kΩ/HIGH Resolution 1 kΩ (test signal 2500 Hz)	
	Low insulation 50÷500 kΩ, accuracy 5%, hysteresis 5%, settable delay	
	Overtemperature 0 ÷ 200°C, accuracy 2%	
Intervention threshold	Current overload 1 ÷ 999 A, accuracy 2%	
	Low impedance (deactivable)	
	Device not connected to the line (Error/Link-Fail)	
	Up to maximum 4 PR-5 panels for remote signalling	
Available outputs	Programmable auxiliary relay output NA-C-NC, 5A, 250 VAC	
	RS 485 serial output, standard ModbusRTU protocol	

Reference standards	IEC EN 60364-7-710, IEC EN 61557-8, EN 60255-6, UNE 20615	
Self-consumption	5 VA	
Degree of protection	IP20	
Housing	Self-extinguishing plastic case to be assembled on 35 mm DIN rail, with transparent lead-sealable protective front cover	
Weight	0,5 kg	
Overall dimensions	6 DIN modules	
Storage temperature	-2570 °C, humidity < 90%	
Operating temperature	-1060 °C	
Connections	Maximum linkable section 2,5 mm2	
	Minimum insulation and maximum temperature and current values	
	Line-to-earth capacity value	
	Relay output status	
	Device failing connection to the line (Error/Link-Fail)	
	Setting parameters	
Displays	Insulation impedance value	
	Measured current value 0 ÷ 999 A	
	Measured temperature value 0 ÷ 200°C for channel 2	
	Measured temperature value 0 ÷ 200°C for channel 1	
	Insulation resistance value signalling over full scale and fault to earth	

Wiring diagrams

